The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,918—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1883.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON via Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare via Modane and Paris, will shortly be issued in Bombay, Calcutta and Madras, at the following rates :—

First class..... Rs. 750.
Second class..... Rs. 400.

Return Tickets to and from London by the same route :—

AVAILABLE FOR THREE MONTHS.
First class..... Rs. 1,150.
Second class..... Rs. 600.

AVAILABLE FOR SIX MONTHS.
First class..... Rs. 1,250.
Second class..... Rs. 740.

The journey from Bombay to London by this route occupies 12 days.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

N. B.—The above arrangement will commence as soon as Quarantine is removed at Brindisi.

Bombay, 21st November, 1883.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1883.
L. MIRZAPORE...	3887	600	C. G. Perrins	...22nd Nov.
— VENETIA.....	2725	500	A. S. Daniell	...30th
L. THAMES.....	4401	750	W. D Anderson	... 7th Dec.
— CATHAY.....	2933	500	W. M. Robbie	...14th ,,
L. VERONA.....	3116	600	G. W. Atkinson	...21st ,,
— BOKHARA.....	2932	500	H. Weigheli	...28th ,,

FRIDAY.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 2 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1883.
HYDASPES.....	2984	500	G. Scrivener	...30th Nov.
BRINDISI.....	3542	550	J. Orman	...14th Dec.
ASSAM,.....	3041	500	E. Ashdown	...28th ,,

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, November 6, 1883.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th of each month, calling at

LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ..£ 500	Including wines.	I Class ..£ 520	Including wines.
II do.... 340		II do.... 350	
III do.... 150	With food.	III do.... 155	With food.

Children under 2 years, free ; under 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other first-class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

HINA, on Saturday ..... 1st Dec., 1883
SINGAPORE to sail on or about the 15th of Dec. 1883

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried up to the Hotel free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, now at Apollo-bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 17 days.

From Genoa, I Class Calais Route..£ 95 Brighton Route..£ 99
,, ...II do. ... 70 ,, ... do. ... 75
From Naples, I do. ... do. ... 145 ,, ... do. ... 150
,, ...II do. ... do. ... 105 ,, ... do. ... 110

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, October 15, 1883.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION. REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer CHANDERNAGOR, 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 20th December. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under 3 years, free. Under 10, half fare

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows :—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5s. 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class ,, 5 5 0

The above Steamer will be preceded by the CANTON, leaving 1st December.

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage ticket.

For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st June, 1883.

CITY LINE.

THE first class steamer CITY of VENICE, 3,207 tons, will sail for LONDON or LIVERPOOL on or about 7th December. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins, Baths, Punkahs, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well known as a favourite passenger ship from Calcutta, and has very superior accommodation for a large number of first-class passengers. No others taken.

For further particulars, apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 19th November, 1883.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following are the probable sailings :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Name.	Tons.	H.P.	Coundr.	Sailing About 1883.
s.s. VICTORIA ...	3,242	420	John Craig....	6th Dec.
s.s. BRITANNIA...	3,010	400	F. Blight.....	2nd ,,
s.s. HISPANIA...	3,206	500	J. Laird.....	12th Jan. 1884.
s.s. NUBIA.....	3,350	600	T. Knox.....	26th ,,
s.s. PERSIA.....	3,350	500	R. Hutchison ..	6th Feb.
s.s. ROUMANIA..	3,326	550	J. Harris.....	16th ,,

FOR MEDITERRANEAN. 1883.

s.s. AUSTRALIA... 2,720 470 ..... 13th Dec.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For the convenience of *Indian* passengers an Agency has been opened at 8, Regent St., London, S.W.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 29th Oct., 1883.

THE fine new s.s. ANGERS 3,200 tons register, Captain PINKHAM, will sail for LONDON direct on or about the 20th instant. She has splendid accommodation for a number of first-class passengers.

Passage money..... Rs. 300.

Apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & CO.,
Agents.

PASSAGES booked by P. and O. Co. and other Lines, free of charge, and full particulars of Rates and Sailings furnished on application.

HAND-BOOKS for Homeward Passengers also supplied.

KING, KING AND CO.

August 1, 1883.

OVERLAND PARCEL EXPRESS. INDIAN TRANSIT AND GENERAL SHIPPING AGENCY.

THIS Agency receives Parcels and Packages of all descriptions for delivery at any Port, Town or District, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, at a uniform rate of EIGHT ANNAS per lb., or fraction of a lb. weight, up to 50 lbs.

N.B.—This charge covers the conveyance from Bombay to London only, and may either be prepaid, or paid on delivery at destination.

Further particulars and Declaration Forms can be had on application.

N. V. CURRANEE & CO.,
Shipping & Forwarding Agents,
Elphinstone Circle.

MISSING BAGGAGE.

LOST, in landing from the s.s. Nepaul on 18th October, a LEATHER PORTMANTEAU and WOODEN WHIP CASE, addressed Lieut. MCLAREN, 13th Hussars ; also, from the s.s. Kaisar-i-Hind, on 31st Oct., a black CANVAS TRUNK, addressed E. L. CAPPEL, number 4.

The undersigned will feel much obliged for any information concerning the above.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

LOST.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIAMOND PENDANT (Loluckh Brilliant cut) slightly flat weighing about 32 to 32½ Ruttees, valued at about Rupees Thirty Thousand (30,000) has been lost from a Diamond Necklace of HIS HIGHNESS SAYAJEE RAO MAHARAJAH, Gaekwar of Baroda, on or about the 30th October 1883.

A reward of Rupees Five Thousand (5,000) Babashai will be given to any person, restoring the same or giving information that would lead to the recovery of the same.

M. P. TUBACK,
Police Superintendent.

City Police Office, Baroda, 4th November, 1883.

THE CROSSLEY BOMBAY TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

THE undersigned, having been APPOINTED AGENTS in Bombay to the Crossley Telephone Company, are prepared to receive ORDERS OF SUBSCRIPTION to the NEW TELEPHONE EXCHANGE, and to supply every information relating to the same.

WATSON & CO.,
Apollo-street.

November

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th November, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on TUESDAY, 27th November, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Feo, and Buarelj, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on SATURDAY, 24th November, 1883, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on 6th December, 1883.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 21st November, 1883. Agents

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WATCHMAKERS TO THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

IMPORTANT TO SHIP CAPTAINS.

Chronometers Cleaned,
Chronometers Repaired,
Chronometers Rated,*
Chronometers given on Hire,**
Sextants Adjusted
Index and Horizon Glasses Re-silvered,
Agates Replaced in Compasses,
Barometer Tubes Replaced,
&c., &c.

Only the most experienced and thoroughly competent European Assistants employed in this branch, and all Repairs executed by us are guaranteed to be equal to best London workmanship.

* We take our Rates from an Astronomical Regulator of the highest standard, giving a mean variation of 1,4 seconds per month.

** A few thoroughly reliable instruments with splendid Rates always ready for delivery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER & CO.'S
ALEXANDRA ALBUM,

Beautifully illustrated with 13 choice Plates of Flowers, Birds and Foliage and to contain Cabinet and Carte-de-Visite Photos.

Bound in morocco leather, Royal quarto size.
At Rs. 18, 20 and 25 each, cash.

PRESENTATION ALBUMS,

For Cabinet and Carte-de-Visite Photos, beautifully bound in rich Russia leather
Rs. 45-0, 55-0 and 60-0 each, cash.

TREACHER & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S
NEW CREMATIC ALBUMS
ILLUSTRATING
OLD CHINA ART.

Title-page : Hungarian.

1. Rouen, 17th century.
2. Japanesque.
3. Sèvres, 18th century.
4. Dresden.
5. Vienna, 18th century.
6. Arabian, 14th century.
7. Dutch, 16th century.
8. Chinese.
9. Indian.
10. Italian. 16th century.
11. Spanish, 17th century.
12. English (modern).

Royal quarto size, bound in morocco leather, and to contain 20 Cabinet and 38 Carte-de-Visite Photos at

Rs. 35, 40 and 48 Cash,

Albums and Leather Goods of every description on sale by

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED a CONSIGNMENT of

SEVERAL HUNDRED ALBUMS.
NEWEST DESIGNS
and
LATEST NOVELTIES.

Purchasers should avail themselves of an early opportunity to inspect this HANDSOME SELECTION.

Prices from Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 100 cash.

The largest stock of FANCY GOODS in India now on view at TREACHER AND CO.'S
FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

TREACHERS & CO.'S
NEW ALBUM
"THE GROSVENOR,"

which has twelve beautifully illuminated leaves and title page and is bound in Morocco leather, padded.

Royal quarto size, and to contain Cabinet and Carte de Visite photos.
Rs. 18 cash.

CABINET ALBUMS

To contain 12 Cabinet Pictures, Rs. 3-8, cash.
To contain 24 Cabinet Pictures, from Rs. 11-0 to Rs. 15-0, cash.
To contain 48 Cabinet Pictures, from Rs. 16-0 to Rs. 20-0, cash.

Albums of every discription on sale by

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
NAUTICAL ALBUM

Beautifully illustrated with the following plates :—

1. H. R. H. The Prince of Wales' Crown, Plume, and Yachts.
2. Frigates, old and new class.
3. Foreign Boats.
4. Alphabetical Flags of the Royal Navy.
5. "Sunbeam," R. Y. S., Side lights, patent Log, &c.
6. The Last Three-decker and Last Ironclad.
7. Racing Yachts.
8. H. M. S. "Agincourt" Seaweed, &c.
9. Brig, Capstan, Knots, &c.
10. Commercial Code of Signals.
11. Turret Ship, Fuzes.
12. Fishing Boats.

Bound in morocco leather, Royal quarto size and to contain Cabinet, Promenade, Carte-de-Visite and Miniature Photos at

Rs. 25, 30 and 36 each Cash,

Bound in Russia leather
From Rs. 40 to Rs. 56.
Bound in calf
From Rs. 30 to Rs. 40.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
"BRITISH ARMY" ALBUM.

Beautifully Illustrated with 13 choice Plates, designed by Norie. They are a most spirited set of sketches, representing *every arm of the Service*, in *the Field*, in *Camp*, and on *Parade*.

First comes the Saluting Point, with the Commander-in-Chief and his Staff ; another leaf shows a Troop of Hussars cantering across a plain ; another page is devoted to the Life Guards and the Blues, and the three Regiments of Foot Guards also have a page to themselves. Baggage Guard on the line of march in Zululand ; a Working Party of the Royal Engineers ; the Mauvais quart d'heure which the Egyptians had with Sir Drury Lowe and the heavies at Kassassin ; an Outpost of Indian Troops at the foot of an Afghan Pass ; a Party of the Rifle Brigade extended in skirmishing order ; the Transport Service in Afghanistan, are subjects of other sketches.

Bound in morocco leather,
from Rs. 45 to Rs. 55 each, cash.
Bound in Russia leather,
from Rs. 55 to Rs. 65 each, cash.

GRANITE ALBUMS.

Royal quarto size, bound in morocco leather, Rs. 16, cash.
Small size 9½ by 8, Rs. 12-8, cash.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE.....MR. FRAMJI C. MEHTA.

Stage Manager .....MR. J. B. FERRELL.
Business Manager... MR. GEO. NORVILLE.

LAST NIGHT
OF MELITA OR
THE PARSEE'S DAUGHTER.

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23,
By particular request,
AND FOR THE LAST TIME,
MELITA
OR THE
PARSEE'S DAUGHTER.

COME AND SEE
EUROPEAN LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
PERFORMING ON THE STAGE WITH COMPLETE AND CORRECT PARSEE COSTUMES,
COME AND SEE
THE HIGHLY POPULAR, ABSURDLY RIDICULOUS EXQUISITELY MUSICAL ANGLO-PARSEE COMIC OPERA,
IN THREE ACTS BY HENRY PONTET, ENTITLED,
MELITA, OR
THE PARSEE'S DAUGHTER.
WITH ENTIRELY NEW AND CORRECT COSTUMES OF THE ORTHODOX AND MODERN STYLE.
Complete with Jewellery and every requisite for Realistic Delineation.
NATIVE NAUTCH DURING THE PERFORMANCE.
NEW AND REALISTIC LOCAL SCENERY has been prepared for this Opera only, by HERR MAURICE FREYBERGER.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, NOV. 24.
POSITIVELY THE LAST PERFORMANCE.
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,
and the Popular Burlesque,
BLUE BEARD.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.
PRICES AS USUAL.

THE EDEN THEATRE,

PROPRIETOR..... .....JOHN WILSON.

CLOSED UNTIL
SATURDAY NEXT,

When for the first time in Bombay will appear the famous

AUSTRALIAN FROLIQUES,

now performing with enormous success at the

THEATRE ROYAL, CALCUTTA.
(See future Announcements.)

NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to state that our SOLE APPOINTED AGENT in Bombay is Mr. EDULJEE PESTONJEE, who is Proprietor of the Chubb's Box and Lock Mart. (A few paces from the *Times of India* Buildings.)

CHUBB & SON.

128, Queen Victoria-street, London.

NOTICE.

WANTED, a LOCAL FUND ENGINEER, for the Canara Circle. Salary Rs. 400 per mensem, with travelling allowance of Rs. 4 per diem. Apply to the PRESIDENT of the Local Fund Board, Mangalore, before the 15th December, 1883.

J. STURROCK,
President.

Canara Circle, Local Fund Board's Office, Mangalore, 16th November, 1883.

THE CITY LINE s. s. CITY OF VENICE has ARRIVED from Liverpool and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their goods without delay. Consignees of packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt. are requested to send boats alongside to take delivery of their cargo, which will otherwise be landed on the quay at their risk and expense. All damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the Dock, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

Captain LIDBETTER will attend on board every morning to survey damaged goods.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 22nd November, 1883.

THE ANCHOR LINE s. s. VICTORIA has ARRIVED from Glasgow, Liverpool, and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their goods without delay.

CONSIGNEES of packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt. are requested to send boats alongside to take delivery of their cargo without delay, which will otherwise be landed on the quay at their risk and expense.

All damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the dock, otherwise no claims will be admitted.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 22nd Nov. 1883.

THE VEERUMGAUM SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIRST CALL of Rs. 50 per share in the above company is made payable on or before the TENTH of December 1883, to the Bankers of the Company, Messrs. KEVULDASS TRIKUMDASS at Bombay, Ahmedabad, or Veerumgaum.

On all unpaid calls interest at the rate of 9 of per cent. per annum will be charged.

Provisional certificates are now ready and can be exchanged for Bankers' receipts by application to the Agents at Veerumgaum.

By order of the Board of Directors
WHITTLE & Co.,
Agents.

TREACHER'S
BELGRAVIA ALBUMS.

Prettily Illustrated with 12 Choice Plates of Birds, Butterflies, Roses, Foliage, &c., &c.

Bound in Morocco Leather, Royal Quarto size, Rs. 18 Cash.

TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S
RENAISSANCE ALBUM,

Illustrated with 52 Choice Plates of Early English Art for Cabinet and Carte de Visite Photos.

Royal Quarto size, bound in Morocco Leather, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 40. Bound in Russia Leather, from Rs. 40 to Rs. 56.

Albums and Leather Goods of every description on sale by

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S
FERN ALBUMS
FOR
Carte de visite and Cabinet Photos, beautifully illustrated with 13 grand plates illustrating about 70 different kinds of British and foreign Ferns.

Royal Quarto size, Bound in Morocco leather, from Rs. 29 to Rs. 45.
Bound in Russia leather, from Rs. 40 to 70.

TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

OUR
ISLAND HOME ALBUM.
(Registered.)

Containing nine Chromo Lithographed pages, illustrating the Floral, Landscape, and Marine beauties of our country.,

Royal Quarto size, Bound in Morocco eather, and to contain Cabinet and Carte de Visite Photos, Rs. 25 Cash.

TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER'S
NEW FAMILY ALBUM

To contain 12 Cabinet Pictures, bound in calf, Rs. 8-8 each, Cash.

To contain 24 Cabinet Pictures bound in morocco leather,

From Rs. 11. to Rs. 15 each, Cash.

To contain 48 Cabinet Pictures bound in morocco leather,

From Rs. 16 to Rs. 20 each, Cash.

The largest and choicest Stock of Leather Goods in India, on sale by

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

LANDSCAPE ALBUMS
FOR VIEWS OF INDIA.

Half bound Cloth and Roan, to contain 56 views, size

14 by 10	Rs. 6	0 cash
16 by 12	9	0 ,,
17 by 14	15	0 ,,

Half bound Cloth and Morocco, to contain 80 views.

11 by 9	Rs. 7	8 cash
17 by 14	22	8 ,,

Bound in Roan, to contain 80 views.

14 by 10	Rs. 12	8 cash

Bound in Morocco, to contain 80 views.

12 by 9½	Rs. 15	0 cash
16 by 12	20	0 ,,
17 by 14	38	0 ,,

Bound in Checkered Persian, to contain 60 views.

12 by 9½	Rs. 10	8 cash
14 by 10½	15	0 ,,

Portrait Albums for Cabinet and Carte de Visite Photos and Fancy Leather Goods of every description on sale by

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

A CHRISTMAS HAMPER OF INDIAN CONDIMENTS TO FRIENDS AT HOME.

NO. 1 CASE AT Rs. 12-8—
CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING :—

1 Bottle Barrie's Bengal Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Curry Powder.
1 ,, Treacher's Bombay Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Nepaul Pepper.
1 ,, ,, Cashmere Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Green Mango Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Lucknow Chutney.
1 Jar Guava Jelly.
1 ,, Roselle ,,
1 ,, Mango Jam.
1 ,, ,, Jelly.

NO. 2 CASE AT Rs. 25—
CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING :—

1 Bottle Barrie's Cayenne Sauce.
1 ,, ,, Bengal Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Madras Chutney.
1 ,, ,, Curry Powder.
1 ,, ,, ,, Paste.
3 ,, Treacher's Bombay Chutney.
2 ,, Nepaul Pepper.
2 ,, Cashmere Chutney.
2 ,, Green Mango ,,
2 ,, Lucknow ,,
2 Jar Guava Jelly.
2 ,, Roselle ,,
1 ,, Mango Jam.
1 ,, ,, Jelly.
1 Bottle Tapp Sauce.

No. 3 Case at Rs. 30 containing same as No. 2 with addition of KEG TAMARIND FISH.

The Company will arrange to ship through their London office and forward to any address.

Estimated freight, shipping charge, say, Rs. 10 per case.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TROOPSHIP REQUIREMENTS.

OFFICERS proceeding home can procure all the necessary CLOTHING, &c., at our WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT.

Fine Long-cloth Shirts with plain Military fronts.
Rs. 45 per dozen.

Cardigan Jackets, Lambswool Under-vests, Socks and Drawers, Cheap Towels and Dinner Napkins, Overland Chairs, &c., &c.

ASQUITH AND LORD,
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

SEASON 1883. (Registered). SAMPLE SHIRTS, "ALL CHARGES INCLUSIVE," SEASON 1883. (Registered).

SENT IN PACKETS OF NOT LESS THAN THREE TO ANY PART OF INDIA.

HOAR & CO.'S SPECIAL PRICED LIST.

THE rapid favour our Shirts have gained has induced us to considerably extend this important Department, and for the accommodation of Out-station Residents we have introduced a system of Sample Packets (ALL CHARGES INCLUSIVE) as per list below, payable on delivery per V. P. P.

Any three Shirts of different materials at the same rate of Price.

A—3	Genuine Oxford Cloth Shirts.....	Rs. 17	H—3	White Uniform Shirts (with tucks).....	Rs. 13
B—3	Zephyr, or Taffeta Shirts	,, 17	I—3	Super White Shirts (with Bands)	,, 13
C—3	French Printed Shirts (New Designs) ...	,, 14	J—3	Best White Shirts (Collars attached) ...	,, 15
D—3	Tropical Flannel Shirts	,, 23	K—3	Super White ,, ,, ,, ...	,, 17
E—3	Silk and Wool Shirts (Shrunk)	,, 26	L—3	Extra Fine Dress Shirts	,, 20
F—3	Wove Flannel Shirts (Shrunk).....	,, 25	M—3	Wove Spun Silk Shirts (Fast Colour).....	,, 34
G—3	W. Cricketing Shirts (with Collars)	,, 25	N—3	White Gauze Flannel Shirts (thin)	,, 25

Measures required—Neck, Chest, and Height.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED. QUOTE LETTER OF PACKET REQUIRED.

HOAR & CO., { OPPOSITE ESPLANADE HOTEL } BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS,

BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES,

OF A NEW AND IMPROVED SYSTEM.

WE have just received a consignment of NEW RACE OR CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES which for durability, accuracy precision, and convenience leave nothing to be desired.

The Chronograph hand is in front of the watch over the hour and minut hands. The cases are extra strong, with a solid cover on the back and a glass inside to protect the work.

The general objections to the Chronographs with second hand and glass on the back were that those glasses often broke, and each time necessitated a cleaning ; that the glasses did not thoroughly protect the works from dust ; and that to move the regulator it almost required the help of a watchmaker.

All these serious drawbacks of an otherwise good watch have been avoided in the construction of our new and improved Chronograph watches.

They are in stock—

In white metal cases ..... Rs. 70
,, Sterling silver cases ..... ,, 80

Guarantee 2 years. Price cash. Postage and packing free.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

ELEGANT AND USEFUL ARTICLES, IN BEST ELECTRO-SILVER-PLATED WARE.

	Rs.	a.
Breakfast Cruets, in numerous elegant patterns..... from	8	0
Beer Mugs, a large variety of patterns and designs..... ,,	10	0
Biscuit Boxes, a very choice assortment of artistic patterns..... ,,	20	0
Butter dishes, a variety of attractive patterns... ,,	22	0
Cruet Frames, Three, Four or Six Bottles..... ,,	12	0
Claret Jugs, with Metal, Glass, or Porcelain Body ..... ,,	20	0
Candlesticks, with straight or Tulip shades, per pair..... ,,	22	0
Cake Basket, in many ornamental designs..... ,,	25	0
Dishes, Vegetable or Beefsteak, in sets or separately ..... ,,	85	0
Trifange, Three Compartments in one Dish..... ,,	80	0
Dessert Knives and Forks in cases, Plated, Ivory, or Pearl Handles..... ,,	55	0
Egg Frames, in various sizes and styles..... ,,	30	0
Fish Carvers, in cases, various patterns..... from	18	0
Fish Knives and Forks, in cases, Pearl, Ivory, or Plated Handles..... ,,	35	0
Ice Pails, several descriptions..... ,,	10	0
Inkstands, a great variety suitable for Presentation ..... ,,	25	0
Knife Rests, in numerous devices, per pair..... ,,	3	0
Muffineers, in case or separately..... ,,	7	0
Menu Stands, Shell, Crown, Bird and other patterns, per dozen..... ,,	6	0
Napkin Rings, in cases of six, or separately..... ,,	1	0
Pickle Frames, Two Clear Cut Glass Bottles... ,,	25	0
Salvers in all sizes, Engraved or Embossed..... ,,	7	0
Salt Cellars, in Set, in Cases, or separately..... ,,	12	0
Soda-water Stands for 3 Bottles..... ,,	16	0
Sardine Boxes to take original box..... ,,	18	0
Tea and Coffee Sets, in numerous patterns..... ,,	150	0
Teapots, in great variety of styles and sizes.... ,,	20	0
Toast Racks..... ,,	10	0
Trinket Stands, novel and choice patterns..... ,,	12	0

ELECTRO-SILVERED SPOONS AND FORKS.

The Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c., of all the Patterns mentioned below are of superior manufacture. The *Fabric* of every article of this best quality of *Nickel Germain Silver*, massive in make, and thickly coated with a deposit of *Pure Silver*, which will be found, under ordinary care to wear well for years. THE FOLLOWING ARE NET PRICES FOR CASH PREPAYMENT ONLY :—

	The Fiddle or perfect-ly plain Pattern.		The Queen's Pattern.		The Lily and Beaded Pattern.	
	Rs.	as.	Rs.	as.	Rs.	as.
Table Forks ....per doz.	26	0	34	0	34	0
Dessert Forks ... ,,	20	0	25	0	25	0
Table Spoons ... ,,	26	0	31	0	34	0
Dessert Spoons ... ,,	20	0	25	0	25	0
Tea Spoons ..... ,,	11	0	16	0	16	0
Egg Spoons, gilt bowls ..... ,,	12	8	17	0	17	0
Mustard Spoons, gilt bowls ..... ,,	14	0	17	0	17	0
Salt Spoons, gilt bowls ..... ,,	12	8	17	0	16	0

	The Fiddle or perfect-ly plain Pattern.		The Queen's Pattern.		The Lily and Beaded Pattern.	
	Rs.	as.	Rs.	as.	Rs.	as.
Sugar Tongs ..... each	2	4	3	0	3	0
Mustard Ladles for Cruets ,,	2	0	3	0	3	0
Gravy Spoons..... ,,	5	8	7	0	6	0
Soup Ladles..... ,,	8	0	10	0	9	0
Sauce or Milk Ladles ..... ,,	2	4	4	0	3	0
Butter Knives .... ,,	2	4	3	0	3	0
Pickle Forks ..... ,,	2	0	2	0	2	0
Skewers .....per inch	0	4	0	6	0	6

*** The Articles can be supplied in small quantities to suit purchasers, either as single pieces, in pairs or in quarter dozens, as may be required.

COURT & CO., 21A, Esplanade-road, Bombay,
OPPOSITE TO THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

ENGAGEMENT AND WEDDING RINGS.

DIAMOND HALF-HOOP	RINGS.
DIAMOND CLUSTER	RINGS.
DIAMOND SOLITAIRE	RINGS.
RUBY HALF-HOOP	RINGS.
EMERALD HALF-HOOP	RINGS.

WEDDING PRESENTS, GOLD OR SILVER.
NEW AND REVISED ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

C. MARCKS AND CO.,
1, East-street, POONA.
43, Esplanade-road, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Under the Special Patronage of His Excellency Sir JAMES FERGUSSON, Bart., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., Governor of Bombay,
HASELMAYER'S WONDERS,
MONDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 26.

THE GRAND INDIAN CIRCUS.

OPENING NIGHT,
FRIDAY, 23RD NOVEMBER, 1883.

THE GRAND INDIAN CIRCUS.
(Opposite the G. I. P. Terminus.)

OPENING NIGHT, FRIDAY, 23RD NOVEMBER.
ENDLESS FUNS AND HUMOROUS WITS.
BEWILDERING WONDERS BY A BABY,
Only Six Years Old,
ON BAREBACKED HORSES,
(Rare Stars of Pure Arab Blood.)
A BOLD CHALLENGE !
(To those who never laugh)
by the
MONKEY CAVALRY BATTALION,
who will parade the king
IN FULL UNIFORM.
To break the quiet order of the audience into ROARS OF LAUGHTER.

The Proprietor of this Grand Circus begs most respectfully to inform the public that he has brought down the whole of his accomplished staff, with 16 cleverly trained horses (some of them of pure Arab Blood and quite rare amongst the Equine race), performing dogs and a troupe of monkies, who having spent their full term in the riding school are first rate "Jokey," who will all perform the several feats quite marvellous in themselves.

RATES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Boxes for four.....	Rs.	16
First Class Reserved	,,	4
First Class	,,	3
Stalls	,,	2
Front Seats	,,	1
Back Seats.....	As.	8

Reserved Seat Tickets can be had at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Limited where a Plan may be seen.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMM

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 21.

TO-MORROW being a public holiday in honor of the visit of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught to the City, our advices for the Mail are prepared one day earlier than usual, and we have accordingly only five days' transactions to record. From a business point of view they have been unimportant, and to all appearances we may see dull and unsatisfactory markets for some time to come. In Cotton, there has been rather more doing in arrival contracts in consequence of the better tone of advices from Liverpool and New York, but the transactions on the spot have been confined to small parcels for export, and the offtake for the local Mills which is daily increasing. In Wheat, the movement has again been checked by unfavourable advices from home, and until stocks there are very materially reduced we must be prepared for ups and downs, and a want of strength in the market. Oilseeds have been in better enquiry both for ready and forward delivery, and the low range or freights now ruling have tended to encourage trade. In freights, the tendency has been again downward. For Liverpool via Canal, Wheat can to booked at 17s. 6d., and measurement at 18s. 9d. For loading during March and April of next year, we hear that handy-sized steamers are offering at 21s. 3d. open charter—nest scale. There is to be a large addition to the fleet of regular liners this year, which will tend to keep rates at a comparatively low level during the active shipping season unless something unusual turns up. In Imports, Grey Piece-Goods are dull in sympathy with the tone of Manchester, and with large arrivals stocks are increasing; Copper is weaker. The Money market is decidedly easier, and accommodation can be had on rather more favourable [illegible] demand for Government Paper at increased prices. Shares, after advancing a little, close slightly under the highest points touched. Sterling Exchange still tends downwards, and at present there is an absence of that Export business in volume which would give strength to the market. The reports from the districts received during the week have been satisfactory.

MONEY.—The statement of the Bank of Bombay published on Monday last showed an increase in the loans and discounts of 5½ lakhs of rupees. The position of the Bank, however, has improved very materially. The Cash Balance has risen to 117 lakhs—say 33½ lakhs in excess of the sum held during the previous week. This is due to an influx of private Deposits. With trade in a sluggish state, the supplies of available capital are now somewhat in excess of present requirements. The Bank's minimum remains at six per cent., or two per cent. under that of the Bank of Bengal. Sixty days' sight bills on Calcutta Rs. 99½ per cent.; thirty days' sight Rs. 99⅝; demand Rs. 100¼.

EXCHANGE for the Mail opened weak on the basis of 1s. 7 15-16d. to 1s. 7 31-32d. for demand Bank bills, and 1s. 7 11-16d. for three months' Credits. On Saturday the downward movement became more pronounced, and rates gave way about 1-32d. all round. For forward delivery Bank demand for April was sold at 1s. 7 17-32d. The tone was no better on Monday, although there was rather more business done. A fair amount of Mercantile paper was placed for March on the basis of 1s. 7 29-32d. for three months' sight. On Tuesday there was a want of animation about the market, and rates closed in favour of sellers. To-day the feeling is again weaker, and Bar Silver has receded to 50¼d. per oz. Until an improvement takes place in the Export trade, we do not see much to support exchange at the moment.

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 7-16d.
Do. Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 7¾d.
Do. Three Months' Sight	1s. 7 17-32d. to 1s. 7 9-16d.
Credits, do.	1s. 7 21-32d.
France, do.	2·06.

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened steady, and later on a strong demand had set in for 4 per cents. at the improved rate of Rs. 99½. There is a dull feeling apparent at the close with a slight drop in quotations—namely, 4 per cents. Rs. 99 3-16; 4½ per cents. Rs. 102¼.

SHARES.—Port Canning shares, after giving way to Rs. 380, have recovered to Rs. 387½. Colaba Land and Press shares are in good request at Rs. 797½. There has been very little done in Press stocks this week. Some Akbars were sold at Rs. 1,155; Berars at Rs. 590; Forts at Rs. 2,485; Mofussils at Rs. 417½; and Prince of Wales at Rs. 635. In Mill Companies there has been a continued [illegible] tendency, and rates in most cases have [illegible] lower. Business has been [illegible] Shares at Rs. 605; Alliances [illegible] at Rs. 725; Coorlas at [illegible] at Rs. 530; Empress [illegible] Petits at Rs. 935; Gordons [illegible] at Rs. 700; Jewraz [illegible] at Rs. 970; Khandesh at Rs. 970; [illegible] at Rs. 1,040; Manockjee [illegible] at Rs. 252½; Mazagons at Rs. 252½; [illegible] at Rs. 540; Nationals at Rs. 985; [illegible] at Rs. 725; People of Indias at [illegible] Prince of Wales at Rs. 275; Soonderdass Mills at Rs. 525; Southern Indias at Rs. 525; [illegible] at Rs. 985. Owing to the [illegible] Rs. 350 per share intended to be [illegible] Bombay and Burmah Trading Company, there has been a great spurt in those shares, which now command a rate of Rs. 4,750 per share. New issue Rs. 955. Kemp and Company and Treacher and Company's are in improved inquiry, and have advanced to Rs. 350 and Rs. 1,275 respectively.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—We have to report a dull and dragging market for nearly all kinds of Manchester Goods. The demand for the up-country markets has been extremely limited, while there have been some very heavy arrivals on account of Native Indentors. For the present the market is overstocked, and as advices from Manchester have not been encouraging, dealers are obliged to realize at prices favouring buyers.

Yarns.—There is no improvement in either 30s Water or 40s Mule, and the business taking place is of a retail character. In *Local* makes, however, there is a fair enquiry at former prices. *Copper* remains dull and depressed. A sale of about 5,000 cwts. *Brasiers* to arrive has taken place at Rs. 44-8 per cwt., December-January shipment via Canal. Spot prices have receded to Rs. 45 per cwt. *Yellow Metals* are quiet at Rs. 34-8 per cwt., but we have not heard of any transactions from first hands, either on the spot or to arrive.

EXPORTS.

COTTON opened firm, and a better demand has been apparent throughout the week owing to the firm tone of the home and American markets. A large number of transactions have taken place, especially in New Cotton—Machine-Ginned Broach being done to the extent of nearly 6,000 bales. Prices have advanced Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy for this description and Rs. 2 for others. In spot parcels the business has also been on a fair scale, but there is no alteration in prices when compared with those ruling last week.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1883.	1882.	1881.
[illegible]ber	15,180	10,796	17,090
[illegible]ber	18,36,304	19,16,980	13,72,154
	16,43,834	16,64,012	12,35,082
to Great Britain and Continent.			
	9,457	6,978	10,770
	12,40,491	.....	.....
to China and Calcutta.			
	469	1,157	641
	80,343	82,925	68,445

[illegible] are to-day's quotations for Full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission :—

	Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Oomrawuttee, F. G.	Rs. 174	= 4·22
Do. Good	" 169	= 4·20
Do. F. G. F.	" 161	= 4·01
Dholleras, F. G.	" 173	= 4·30
Do. Good	" 168	= 4·17
Do. F. G. F.	" 158	= 3·94
Western, Good	" 163	= 3·99
Do. F. G. F.	" 148	= 3·69
Dharwar Sawginned, F. G. F.	" 165	= 4·11
Comptah	" 142	= 3·55
New M. G. Broach, Good (March)	" 214	= 5·31
" Oomrawuttee, do. (Feb.-March)	" 183-184	= 4·58
" Bengal, Good (December)	" 150	= 3·75
" Do. F. G. do.	" 153	= 3·87

WHEAT opened quiet, but as freights were offered on rather more favourable terms, a slow but steady business took place on the spot later on. Prices for some descriptions, however, show a slight decline on those of last week. We quote :—White Pessie No. 1 Rs. 31 to Rs. 31½ per candy; Yellow Rs. 25 to Rs. 25½; Luskari Rs. 23½ to Rs. 24; Catha Rs. 22 to Rs. 22½.

Linseed.—The firm tendency of the home markets during the past week has led to a better demand for parcels on the spot, and a fair amount of business has been transacted at gradually hardening rates, the closing price being Rs. 5-13½ to Rs. 5-14 per cwt. Nothing has been done for forward delivery in April-May, as a higher rate of Rs. 5-8½ is asked by sellers.

Rapeseed opened dull, but as advices from home became somewhat better in the middle of the week, a firm feeling was apparent on the part of sellers, without, however, resulting in any improvement in the enquiry. Only a few transactions are reported in ready lots, and prices are much the same as those ruling seven days ago. We quote :—Guzerat Rs. 7-12 to Rs. 7-14, Cawnpore Rs. 7-4 to Rs. 7-8, Brown Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 7 per cwt. New Brown Seed for April-May delivery is quoted at Rs. 6-4 and Guzerat at Rs. 7-3, but no purchases are reported in either

Gingelly Seed is steady with a moderate business doing in White Howrie at Rs. 36 to Rs. 37 per candy.

Poppy Seed is firm, and a good quantity on the spot was placed at Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 6-13 per cwt.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares, Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5p. ct. 762½
Bank of Bengal	12,500	500	all	5 do. 837
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	4 do. 680
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£	£		
Oriental Bank	10,000	100	all	6 ½ 130
National Bank of India	27,200	250	12½	5 do. 92

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	6,000	2,850	Rs. 125	1,155
Akola Press Co	85	200	all	Rs. 75	600
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	10p. ct.	625
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 100	1,250
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 31	380
Bellary Press	225	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	54500
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co	600	500	all	Rs. 65	590
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	68
Bombay Cotton Press	500	500	500	..	1,100
Colaba Press	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,250
Dholleria P. & G. Co	800	300	all	30	195
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 152	1,300
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,000	350	2,485
French Press Co	300	500	all	75 p.a.	660
Hemmar Manfg. Co	600	250	250	Rs. 15	31500
Mofussil Co	2,120	400	400	Rs. 45	417½
New India Press	2,100	125	125	Rs. 25	217½
Press of W. Press	600	..	600	..	635
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 5	5/0
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 15	1 2 0
Swadeshee	300	0	500	2	50
Swadeshee Press Co	300	0	..	65	775
Holkar's Press Co	450	0	..	..	..

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	600	90	1,483
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ltd.	1,000	500	500	..	605
Alliance Cotton S. & W. Company	80,000	100	to	Rs. 7½	140
Alfred Manfg. Co	1,000	500	50	182½	553
Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co.	1,500	1,000	..	Rs. 5½	625
Bhownuggur Mills	4,500	100	to	..	40
Bombay United	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1060
Budrudeen Co., Ltd.	1,000	..	500	..	410
Central India S. W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 50	550
Coorla Mills	500	50	1,000	Rs. 50	525
E. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	all	530
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,150	500	all	Rs. 5	930
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,800	1,000	1,000	..	930
Jam[illegible] Co.	1,000	..	to	2	48
Jordon Mills	1,052	1,000	1,000	..	750
Jubilee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1070
Hindustan Spinning Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,240
Imperial Cotton Mills Company	900	500	500	..	550
Lower Ab Spin. Co.	800	500	500	Rs. 55	580
Jowras Bhadoo Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,135
Kondeshi	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	970
Kalyan Mazagon	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,070
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ltd.	3,500	100	100	Rs. 4	127
Madhowji United	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. ..	1,000
Mahalakshmi	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1080
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,360
Manockjee Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 8	254½
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,540
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	985
New Oriental Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,050
Oriental	1,000	600	625	Rs. 20	725
Parell S. & W. Co., Ltd.	2,500	600	600	Rs. 14	320
People of India S. & W. Company	1,000	250	..	..	287½
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	50	500	30	275
Soonderdass Mills	1,000	50	1,000	Rs. 50	525
Southern India S. & W. Company	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	985

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badhara, Pilaé Co. Ltd.	3,000	100	60	..	95
Bombay Saw Mills	10,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	500
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited	11815	100	10	Rs. 5	110 99
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Do. New Shares	1,000	2,500 500	1,500 300	370 ...	4,750 955
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	200	3,000	3,000	200	3600
Bombay Municipal Bonds		..	..	6 p.ct.	107
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	111
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	10	10	10 p.ct.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	5	5	..	1½
Kurrachee Ice Co.	1,000	100	100	..	7
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	90 p. a.	35
Kemp & Co., Ltd.	2,000	200	175	Rs. 15	350
Mechanics Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.c.	23
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 p.c.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	2	10 p.c.	..
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,350
Ripon Gold Mg Co Ltd.	20,000	1	10	..	21
Do. do.	1,000	100	100	..	60
Soundy & Co. Ltd.	1,000	100	all	14 p.c.	108
Telephone Co., Ltd.	19,200	25	25	Rs. 1	14
Treacher & Co., Ltd.	2,500	500	all	Rs. 11	1,275
Thacker & Co., Ltd.	1,000	100	all	1	175

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 13-6-3
Carolus	" 237
Mexican Dollars	" 222½
Five-Franc Pieces	" 2·0
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ batteraces	Rs. 108-7 to 108-10
Gold Leaf	10,000 " 10·0·6
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 19-13-3
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	" 19-12
Pekin Gold Bars	" 19-7

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
22	Ellora (s)	Warman	Calcutta, Oct. 27.
	City of Venice (s).	Moffatt	Liverpool, Oct. 25.
	Ca[illegible]capadia (s)	Frazer	Liverpool, Oct. 20.
	Victoria (s)	Craige	Liverpool, Oct. 21.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
22	J. G. S. Dagmar (s)	Haviland	Kurrachee.
	J. G. Czarwitch	Hotham	Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

Nov. ARRIVAL.

18 Ship Glenburn ..Hartnell ....Liverpool, Aug. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 18.—Steamers Japan, Malda, Colaba and Lennox, Barque Hindostan.

MADRAS.

Nov. ARRIVALS.

17	ClanMacpherson s	Liverpool.
18	Bhundara (s)	Calcutta.
19	Clan Mackenzie(s)	Calcutta.
19	Rewa (s)	London.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Lieut.-Col. The Hon. L. H. BAYLEY, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, November 23.

The Regiment will parade under the Commandant on Saturday next, the 24th inst. Fall in at the Town Hall at 4-45 p.m. sharp. Members who are at the tram terminus at Colaba, Byculla, Grant-road and Girgaum at 4-15 p.m., and all those will be supplied with tickets, members defraying their own tram expenses will have the amount refunded by applying for the same after parade.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Capt. and Adjt.,
B. V. R. C.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 21st November, 1883.

Means of observations of 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·903
Temperature of the Air	79·4
Wet Bulb Thermometer	70·1
Dew Point	65·7
Relative humidity of Air	63·0
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	85·4
Minimum do. read at 10 a.m.)	72·1
General Direction of Wind	NE, ENE, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	332

* From midnight.

HIGH COURT.—NOVEMBER 23.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD.)

For Judgment.

318-82—Macfarlane and E—Pandurung Jowba Sangirey vs Balla Mungesh Wagle and another Shapurji and T.

200-82—Macfarlane and E—Merbai vs Nanabhoy Manekji—Cleveland L. and N. (Motion).

Summary Suit.

260-83—Tobin and R.—Dewa Umra and others vs John Gordon.

Suits of hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

8-82—J. C. Cama—Heerjee Vussonjee and another vs Vulubdas Harjiwan and others—C. and B., P. E., and in person—Part heard.

9-82—J. C. Cama—Heerjee Vussonjee and another vs. Vadilal Sakurchand and others.—C. and B., P. E., and in person.

448-80—Ardesir and H.—Nurrotumdas Candas vs. Naveyahoo and others. Smith and F., and Cleveland L. and N.

402-82—Cleveland L. and N.—Premchund Roychund vs. The Gordon Mills Co.—C algie L. and O.

478-74—Jefferson, B. and D.—Goculdas Cavramjee vs. The New Piece-goods Bazaar Co.—Shapurjee and T.

342-82—Payne and G—C. A. Turner vs. Framjee Cursetjee Javeri—Nanu and H.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

711-76—Tobin and R. Pandappa Sooblaya Sondhe and others vs. Morarjee Topun and others—E. Wilkin. —Part heard.

189-81—Smith and F.—Cursondas Ludha and others vs. Narrotum Jairam and others—M. M. Munshi.

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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

MARRIAGES.

LINTON—EPPS—October 24, at the Parish Church, Croydon, by the Rev. G. A. Lewis, G. J. Francis, youngest son of Henry D. Linton, Esq., of Norwitton, to E. Sara, younger daughter of James Epps, Esq., of Beggin, Wood House, Upper Norwood.

CLIFFORD—PETERSON—November 22, at All Saints' Church, by the Venerable the Archdeacon Miller, H. Clifford, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Ichra Dan, N.W.P., second son of F. M. Clifford, Esq., late of Bengal Medical Service, to Lisa, eldest daughter of W. Peterson, Esq., London.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

POLSON—November 19, at Lanowli, Daisy Ann, third daughter of D. Polson, G. I. P. Railway, Byculla, aged 1 year and 11 months.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ANDREWS—November 16, at Cannanore, the wife of Lieutenant R. C. Andrews, 19th Regt. M.N.I., of a daughter.

LAMBERT—November 18, at St. Thome, the wife of W. Lambert, of a daughter.

McCLINTOCK—November 16, at Bellary, the wife of Captain L. A. McClintock, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.

MORTON—November 18, at Lucknow, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel G. de C. Morton, A.A.G., of twins, daughter and son.

ROUTH—November 12, at Murree, the wife of Captain Routh, Suffolk Regiment, Station Staff Officer, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

CARBERY—November 17, at Allahabad, Anne, relict of Robert John Carbery, formerly of Calcutta, aged 78 years 7 months and 12 days.

HILDESLEY—November 19, at Bangalore, Dorothy Vaughan, daughter of A. H. Hildesley, M.A., Clerk in Holy Orders, and Alice his wife.

JACOB—November 20, at Madras, Christina Jessie, wife of Gabriel John Jacob, aged 36 years.

McCLINTOCK—November 16, at Bellary, Jane Banbury, wife of Captain L. A. McClintock, Royal Artillery, aged 25 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1883.

THE Governor, in his short speech which he made yesterday afternoon at the close of the ceremony at the laying of the foundation-stone of the Cama Hospital, said what was a literal fact, when he stated that the official reception accorded to His Royal Highness was poor and insignificant as compared with the spontaneous demonstration of affection and loyalty which the presence of the Queen's son had evoked. The Prince, in his straightforward and soldierly reply, cordially acknowledged the universality and the sincerity of the testimonies of good-will which met him everywhere from the moment of his landing. It is not the wont of an Oriental population to express their feelings by cheers and manifestations of personal interest, but on this occasion—far more than on that of the arrival amongst us of the Prince of Wales—the citizens of Bombay have shouted their welcome as it is not given to every European population to do under similar circumstances. Evidently it is not impossible to evoke in this country a feeling of personal loyalty to the dynasty and its representatives. The gracious presence and affable manners of Her Majesty's sons have found their way straight to the hearts of the people.

THE destruction of General Hicks' force of 11,000 men at the hands of the False Prophet is a very serious affair in every point of view. We may hope, indeed, from the precedent of the announcement in the first instance of the "annihilation" of General Burrows' army, that the destruction of that of General Hicks has not been so complete as the import of the word used to express a great disaster certainly implies. Possibly the 11,000 men with their nine British officers have only been destroyed in the military sense, *i. e.*, as a force formidable to the enemy. Or a considerable proportion may have been made prisoners and held to ransom. While hoping for the best in this respect, however, it is impossible to ignore the political gravity of a disaster so calculated to inflame the fanaticism of the whole Musulman population of North Africa and the regions adjacent. The effect upon Egypt itself cannot fail to be agitating. Those who were so easily cast down after Tel-el-Kebir will begin to speculate upon what would have happened had Arabi understood the conditions which might have rendered his resistance effectual. While such speculations trouble the Egyptian mind the evacuation of the country by the remainder of the British troops will become a political impossibility. In all likelihood some of the regiments which have already left may have to return. The Khedive's position will become more precarious than ever. Something more substantial than our moral support will be necessary to enable him to keep his position at Cairo after this evidence that Musalmans fighting for the faith can destroy those who fight for him. Putting aside the victories of the Turks in the beginning of the recent war with Russia, the success achieved by the Mahdi is by far the greatest which has been gained by any Mahomedan for many years. It is true that the troops defeated were composed of Egyptian conscripts, but as they were led by European officers the victory will be regarded as one over the infidel and the ally of the infidel.

It is not easy to see what can now be done to dispossess the Mahdi. The destruction of General Hicks' force secures for his followers some ten or twelve thousand Remington rifles, with Nordenfelds and guns. It gives him a prestige which will procure him the enthusiastic services of every fanatic and every freebooter within a thousand miles of El Obeid. Kordofan, the region which the unfortunate General Hicks set out to reduce, has itself a million of inhabitants, Negro or Arab. Until slavery was abolished—so far as a decree could abolish it—the country was the headquarters of the slave-trade. The abolition greatly incensed the slave-dealers and men of property generally throughout the whole territory. The Mahdi is said to have amongst his most devoted followers the slave-dealers and slave-holders of Kordofan. The population knows how to fight, and it is quite clear that the Mahdi himself knows how to organise victory. All his successes have been gained by an intelligent appreciation of the difficulties imposed by the climate and the nature of the country on the invader. He retires when they advance, and does not trouble himself about the flaming bulletins in which they proclaim his defeats and his flight. When they are exhausted by endless marching, by the heat, by the want of water and the want of food, he turns and overwhelms them. In this last campaign General Hicks appears to have imagined that the further he drove the Mahdi westward the more complete was his success. When, however, the tribes which had disappeared as he proceeded closed in upon his rear and cut off all supplies, while the Mahdi in his front carried off the cattle, the peril of the situation began to be felt; and recent telegrams, while predicting with fatal confidence the speedy collapse of the Mahdi's power, showed that the apprehension arising from the increasing want of water and the deficiency of water-supply was making itself manifest. The attack upon Suakim shows that the Mahdi has a long arm and is able to deliver blows on the sea-coast. It seems to be a hopeless task now for the Khedive to reconquer the equatorial provinces. But the danger of allowing the False Prophet to consolidate his power and make arrangements at his leisure for the future conquest of Egypt cannot be overlooked. Quite recently it was stated that the Sultan himself was uneasy lest the Mahdi should cross into Arabia. Now that he has gained a signal victory which gives him possession of the whole country from Darfour to the Red Sea, he may venture upon undertakings of the greatest magnitude. It will be a very serious question for Mr. Gladstone to decide whether under the circumstances he will undertake to deal with the Mahdi as he dealt with Arabi. The probability is [illegible] not to [illegible] a war in Africa's wilds so remote and inglorious. In that case the Mahdi will be able to enjoy the fruits of his victory and prepare in complete security the means of effecting fresh conquests. Whether he directs his attention to Egypt or to Arabia, his further career will almost infallibly bring him into direct collision with the interests and the policy of European States. It is curious that at the very time the False Prophet was casting his net around the doomed force under General Hicks, the London *Times* was indulging in a learned dissertation to show that the period fixed by tradition for the appearance of a Mahdi to redress the wrongs of Islam was expiring, and that no Mahdi had appeared. The *Times* should have remembered that it is proverbially unwise to whistle till you are out of the wood. A False Prophet can make himself excessively disagreeable under certain circumstances. If this particular Mahdi get himself accepted as the leader foreseen by the piety of ages, he may prove himself just as great a nuisance as the real Mahdi which Printing-house-square boasted had not come.

THOUGH less sensational than the news from the Soudan, the telegram from London relative to the attitude of France and China is even more serious. The Marquis T'seng, it appears, has informed the French Government that an attack upon Bacninh will be regarded by China as a *casus belli*. But orders have been given to Admiral Courbet to attack Bacninh. Whether these orders were given before or after this intimation we cannot understand from the telegram; but we were told a fortnight ago that the Admiral intended to attack the place, and only delayed doing so on account of the rains. If the intention be now carried out war between France and China must be the immediate consequence. It would require an amount of self-control which we can scarcely expect from a French Cabinet to abstain from attacking Bacninh now that the Marquis T'seng has notified that to do so is to declare war. France can hardly afford to shrink from the issue when it is thus unequivocally placed before her. What concerns us directly and seriously is the risk of our being involved, and the certain loss which will be occasioned by a war in the Chinese Seas to our opium revenue and our cotton export trade. No doubt a French blockade of the treaty ports, even if acquiesced in by the British Government, would not wholly put an end to the opium traffic. Smuggling would be lucrative, and Hongkong is peculiarly adapted to the requirements of an active contraband trade. Still the loss of revenue must in the nature of things prove very heavy indeed. Bombay cotton goods would not pay for the risk of smuggling, and while the war lasted the Chinese markets would be closed to the products of our mills. This would be a very serious matter indeed at any time, but specially now when the stocks of unsold goods are so large and are constantly increasing. It is to be devoutly hoped that British diplomacy may yet avail to make it apparent to France and China that war is a very dangerous game for either to play at.

GOVERNMENT are behaving with liberality in the matter of granting opportunities to public servants to visit the Calcutta Exhibition. The ordinary Christmas holidays run from the 24th December to the 2nd January, but intimation has now been given that an additional week's holiday, beginning with the 17th December, will be granted to any servant of Government desirous of visiting the Exhibition, provided he actually makes use of the extension to "proceed" (servants of the State always "proceed" where common folk only go) to Calcutta, and provided also that his vacant place

outlines. Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd showed an illuminated V. R. surmounting their sign-board. Messrs. Thacker and Co. had placed lines of coloured lanterns picking out the outlines of their shop-windows, while three lines of Chinese lanterns, suspended from carriage stretched across the foot-path, added to the brilliancy of the scene. The consulate for the Netherlands (Messrs. Volkart Brothers) exhibited a large transparency which, spanning the gateway, was surmounted by a blazing star lighted with gas. The premises of Messrs. Thomson and Taylor were tastefully illuminated and attracted special attention. Two transparencies, with likenesses of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, had been placed over the upper cornice of the shop, with a third transparency in the middle with the record "God bless the Royal Visitors"; and the masses of the population willingly tarried to scan and comment upon the features of the son and daughter-in-law of a sovereign whom they all revere. Messrs. Marcks and Co. exhibited three similar transparencies in their shop-windows, and had the principal outlines of their premises picked out with coloured lanterns, large flags and banners waving over the illuminated clock which they have placed over the top of the shop for public use. The Temple Bar was brilliantly illuminated with an arc lamp placed in the foot-path and shewed transparencies with the inscriptions "God bless our Soldier Prince," "God bless the Royal Family," &c. Messrs. Soundy and Co., Limited, made a very pretty exhibition with an arch of gas moons surrounding the gilt Royal coat-of-arms placed over the shop-door, with two lines of gas moons on either side of the coat-of-arms. The outlines of the Oriental Banking Corporation, from top to basement, were picked out with lines of tumbler-lights, while innumerable Chinese lanterns, suspended in the galleries, contributed to the attractions of the display. The illumination of the range of buildings from the National Bank of India to the premises of Messrs. Treacher and Co. was in keeping with the excellent decorations in them, which claimed general attention. The Criterion Restaurant exhibited a pretty good transparency, with a flower-girl holding up with both hands a chaplet of flowers, ready for presentation, and with baskets, filled with flowers, lying on either side at her feet. The *Bombay Gazette* office showed two electric lights, from the galleries of the third and fourth storeys. The premises of Messrs. Favre-Leuba and the Cash Bazar had their outlines picked out with tumbler-lights, and were tastefully decorated with large flags and banners, some of which were well arranged over the large clock kept for public use. The Flora Fountain was encircled with coloured gas moons all round within the limits of the ornamental iron railing. The Public Works Offices were lighted with arc lamps, the principal outlines of the building being picked out with coloured lanterns. The Cathedral High School was prettily illuminated. The General Post Office also showed a few arc lamps. The Queen's Statue, a little further on on the Esplanade, was brilliantly illuminated. All its principal outlines were picked out with perpendicular and horizontal lines of gas moons, while a crown of coloured light surmounted the canopy, and coloured lanterns surmounted the ornamental iron railing all round. The Alexandra School Building, partly occupied by Mr. D. S. Kemp, was very tastefully illuminated at his expense from top to basement, the outlines of the building being effectively picked out with coloured lanterns. Church Gate-street made a very dazzling show; the premises of Mr. J. Cowasjee Jehangir Readymoney and Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, C.S.I., being specially noticeable. Messrs. Barton and Co. showed two blazing stars lighted with gas with the inscription "Welcome"; and Messrs. Phillips and Co. also showed two stars in gas. The premises of Mr. Eduljee Davar and Mr. Eduljee B. Morris were tastefully illuminated with argand lamps. The Singer Manufacturing Company's shop and the Warsaw Haircutting Saloon were resplendent with rows of gas moons, as was also the Vienna Ice-cream Saloon. This latter exhibited a well-designed transparency with the Royal Coat of Arms with the inscription "God bless the Duke and Duchess of Connaught" From the premises of Mr. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy chandeliers were hung in the foot-path from the upper storeys, and the former gentleman had lines of cordage spanning the street, nine chandeliers being pendant therefrom over the street. From the premises of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank down to Sassoon House, occupied by Messrs. Kemp and Co. and the Italian and Austro-Hungarian Consulates, the whole scene was one of superb brilliancy. The *Times of India* offices were picked out with lines of coloured lanterns, and on the upper storey was exhibited a large transparency with the Royal Coat of Arms. In Elphinstone Circle the offices of Messrs. B. and A. Hormarjee, the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, the Chartered Mercantile Bank, and the Bank of Bengal were very effectively lighted with tumbler-lights, the Bank of Bengal having in addition some ornamental coloured globes. The old and stately edifice, the Town Hall was not left out altogether in the cold. Its eight massive front columns were illuminated with perpendicular lines of gas moons, and the pediment was also brilliant with gas moons.

In Hornby-row, although out of the Duke's route, the premises of the Bodega Restaurant, the offices of Messrs. D. M. Petit's Sons and Co., the family residence of the first Parsee Baronet, and the premises of the Sir Jamsetjee's Parsee Bevevolent Institution were illuminated. The illuminations in Bazaar Gate-street, as also in many portions of the Native Town, were worthy of the occasion. The Shipping and Commissariat Offices situated close to the Town Hall building had their outlines effectively picked out with gas jets and oil buttees of various colours. The entrance to the Bazaar Gate-street is marked by the Bomonjee Wadia memorial clock and fountain, where there was a good display of light and bunting. A little further on the street was spanned by a very pretty arch, gay with scarlet and evergreens, and illuminated by a number of lanterns and chandeliers. At the top was a transparency bearing the inscription "Welcome, Duke of Connaught," being flanked on either side by portraits of H. M. the Queen-Empress and the Prince of Wales. Here the Royal carriage was stopped for a minute to enable a Parsee lady belonging to the family of Mr. Nowrojee Toddywalla to present the Royal visitors with bouquets and garlands of flowers. Some frame-makers at the end of the street displayed by the light of the illuminations which they had provided for the occasion a number of portraits of the Royal Family and of Oriental kings. Another shopkeeper had largely availed himself of huge mirrors, in which he seems to deal, with the view of heightening the effect of the light which he had provided. The police building round the corner was also shown to some advantage by means of oil lamps and flags. All along the Cruickshank and Esplanade roads, which bounded the scene of the fair, there was an unbroken line of coloured lanterns hanging from the trees. At intervals were erected arches surmounted by transparencies bearing various devices. A rather pretentious arch on the side of the Esplanade-road had a transparency representing a nautch scene. The Crawford market was very profusely illuminated with oil buttees, the likeness of the Duke and Duchess, intervened by the motto, "Ceadh Mille Failtha," occupying a prominent position. The entrance was surmounted by what were meant to be portraits of Prince Frederick Charles and Prince Fredrick of Prussia. Many of his friends, however, would, if they had not been otherwise informed by the inscription, have thought that the former was intended to be a representation Dr. Sheik Cassum, the well-known Surgeon of the Government Dockyard. The Elphinston High School at the end of the Cruickshank-road had its outlines gracefully set off by means of oil lamps of various hues. Kalbadevi, too, was not behindhand in showing its loyalty, several houses belonging to wealthy merchants being especially noteworthy for very pretty displays of oil and gas lights, generally arranged in the form of arches surmounted by devices appropriate to the occasion. Mr. D. Macropolo had a couple of illuminated arches in front of his shop at Kalbadevi, and there were also displayed two portraits which, it appeared from the inscriptions beneath, were intended to be the "counterfeit presentments" of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. A furniture merchant along the same road also exhibited a portrait, but it is doubtful if his most intimate friend would have recognised in it a likeness of the Duke. The Hindoos had illuminated with oil buttees some of their temples lying along Kalbadevi and Pydhonee, as the Parsees had lighted their place of worship in Bazaar Gate-street. Throughout the town there was the same endless stream of carriages and pedestrians, blocking up the streets as on the Dewalee days; and the cheers with which Their Royal Highnesses were greeted as they passed along were as warm and vociferous as on the day previous. The police arrangements were on the whole very good.

The stables at Pydhonee not admitting of any effective illumination from their very construction—low and unpretentious,—their proprietors raised some delicate framework before them which they entwined with cloth of various hues and surmounted with numerous glass lamps.

On leaving the Kalbadevi-road and entering that of Bhendy Bazaar, the transition was from light and brilliancy to darkness and gloom, for though there were a few attempts at illumination in the latter thoroughfare—for instance, at the row of Mahomedan shops behind the Pydhonee Police Station, the Nabob's Musjid, and Richardson and Cruddas's iron-works—the strong wind that prevailed throughout the evening prevented that continual glow of the oil buttees which alone could contribute to an successful display. The gateway to the Fitzgerald Hotel, however, was rather nicely lighted up with a framework of conical shape covered with lamps.

T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess drove through Bhendy Bazaar, *en route* to Parel, shortly after seven o'clock, and were followed by a small crowd who kept up a continual *Hip, hip, hurio!*

Last evening a State dinner was given at Government House, Parel, in honour of the evening party.

TELEGRAMS.

THE ILBERT BILL.

(FROM THE HONY. SECY., DEFENCE ASSOCIATION.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 22.

The Defence Association has received a telegram from London, dated the 21st inst., reporting that a crowded meeting was held on Tuesday at Morley Hall, Hackney, at which Sir Hardinge Giffard presided and Mr. Atkins gave an address. Mr. Maclean proposed, and Mr. Scott seconded, the condemnation of the Ilbert Bill. An amendment which was proposed was lost, and the resolution was carried.

Lord Kimberley spontaneously sent for Mr. Atkins to have an interview at the India Office on Wednesday afternoon.

HYDERABAD RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Nov. 22.

The card to-day showed six events, all handicaps; and there was some good racing.

THE SELLING RACE.

Moslem, 8st. 7lbs., Bowen	1
Bushman, 6st. 7lbs., Morrison	2
Viking, 8st. 7lbs., Vinall	3

Four ran; won by a length. Time, 1 min. 50 secs.

TRIMULGHERRY STAKES.

Sherwood, 9st. 10lbs., Bowen	1
Young Revenge, 10st. 1lb., Vinall	2
Deer, 8st. 3lbs., Clarke	3

Won in a canter Time, 2 min. 23 secs.

RESIDENCY PURSE.

Morning Star, 7st. 12lbs., Ramchurn	1
Grey Warrior, 9st 4lbs., Vinall	2
Fairy King, 8st. 4lbs., Bowen	3

Won by three lengths. Time, 2 min. 56 secs.

PEISHKAR'S PURSE.

Gudarz, 9st. 6lbs., Vinall	1
Laceby, 8st. 7lbs., Ryder	2
The Baron, 8st., Kendall	3

Won easily. Time, 2 min. 44½ secs.

DECCAN CUP.

Kismet, 8st. 7lbs., Gerrard	1
Baltic, 8st. 8lbs., Bowen	2
Euphrates, 9st. 13lbs., Ryder	3

Eight ran; won by a head. Time, 2 min. 50½ secs.

MULECKPET PURSE.

Rs. 500. Selling race. For arabs. ½ miles.

Sir Frank, 8st. 7lbs., Ryder	1
Uncle John, 7st. 7lbs., Morrison	2
Pilot, 7st. 7lbs., Ramchurn	3

Six ran; won by three lengths. Time, 2 min. 24 secs.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

DESTRUCTION OF GENERAL HICKS' ARMY.

CAIRO, Nov. 22.

The army of General Hicks in the Soudan has been destroyed. No further details are yet to hand.

LATER.

Further particulars regarding the annihilation of the Army of General Hicks in the Soudan, state that the battle between them and the enemy lasted three days (from November 3rd to November 5th) and that only one man belonging to the force of General Hicks escaped.

THE TONGKING QUESTION.

THE PROPOSED ATTACK ON BACNINH.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

The *Daily Telegraph* of this morning publishes a telegram, stating that Marquis T'seng has declared to the French Government that an attack upon Bacninh would be considered by the Chinese Government as a *casus belli*. In the meanwhile, orders have been given to Admiral Courbet to proceed with the attack.

M. DE LESSEPS AT NEWCASTLE.

M. de Lesseps, speaking at a meeting held at Newcastle yesterday, promised the speedy abolition of the sur-tax on steamers passing through the Suez Canal, and also of the pilotage dues. He further promised a reduction of the transit dues and the establishment of an office of the company in London, together with an increased English representation on the Board of Directors. He also suggested the formation of an English Consultative Committee for the purpose of giving advice to the Board. The proposals of M. de Lesseps were favourably received by the meeting.

AFFAIRS IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

News from Central Africa states that M. de Brazza has arrived at Stanleypool.

Difficulties in connection with the appearance of M. de Brazza and his force are being raised by Mr. Stanley, and a conflict between the two parties is expected.

OBITUARY.

Mr. T. C. Cobbold, M. P. for Ipswich.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, Nov. 22.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Hydaspes, with the English mails of the 10th instant, left here for Bombay at 9 a. m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 21.

The Hall Line steamer Wistow Hall left here for Bombay yesterday afternoon.

LONDON, Nov. 21.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been steady.

Fair Dhollera	4
The Manchester market has been firm.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1s. 7⅞d.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80
4½ "	92⅜
3 per cent. Consols for account	101⅜
3½ " Sterling Loan	103½
4½ " French Rentes	107
Bar Silver	50⅞d.

Arrival—President Garfield.

T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, accompanied by H. E. the Governor, Lord and Lady Downe, Captain and Mrs. Dean Pitt, and Dr. Scott, visited the stables of Mr. Abdool Rahmon yesterday morning, where they spent some time inspecting his stud.

It was remarked that Admiral William Hewett was not present in the dockyard when Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught landed. It is now understood that the gallant Admiral declined to be present on principle. He had been ordered by notification in the *Gazette* to attend; but he holds that the Admiral of the station is in no way dependent upon the Government of Bombay, but upon the Admiralty. It may be mentioned that Sir William visited the Prince on board the Cathay, and that he accompanied the Duke and Duchess ashore in the steam launch.

MR. C. GRANT, C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is gazetted to three months' privilege leave from the 30th instant.

SIR STEUART BAYLEY arrived in Calcutta on Monday.

MR. J. K. FITZGERALD, 1st Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Biluchistan, holds charge of the current duties of the Agency while Sir Robert Sandeman is absent on his march.

CALCUTTA will soon have another *cause célèbre* in progress, as the libel case brought by Messrs. Morgan and Roberts, solicitors, against Mr. Robert Knight, editor of the *Statesman*, comes on at these sessions. This case, it will be remembered, arose out of the Hastie and Pigot suit, which will probably also come before the High Court shortly on appeal.

A CALCUTTA paper states that on the re-opening of the High Court after the long vacation, Miss Mary Pigot, the plaintiff in the notorious Pigot-Hastie case, will prefer an appeal against the decision of the Hon'ble Justice Norris, and that under consent of her former attorney, Mr. A. St. John Carruthers, Miss Pigot has appointed Messrs. Sen and Co. (Baboo Norrendro Nath Sen) as her attorneys to conduct the appeal case. Mr. Pugh has been specially retained on behalf of the lady appellant, together with other able counsel.

AN officer fishing in the Jumna a few days ago, in the region of Dehra Doon, landed a 40lb. mahseer after an hour and a half's contest, his weapons being a single gut cast on a single-handed fly-rod and a small inch spoon.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wilkinson, who was a passenger to Calcutta in the Pekin, was compelled by ill-health to return home on reaching Suez and has taken three months' extension of leave.

THE Hon Secretary for the Defence Association telegraphs to us that the Magistrate at Allahabad objects to the use of the Mayo Hall for a meeting against the Ilbert Bill, on either 28th, 29th, or 30th. The meeting will be held elsewhere.

THE *Bengalee*, in noticing Lord Northbrook's recent utterance regarding the Ilbert Bill, says:—"We had, it is true, expected more; but let us seek to realise the difficulties that lay in the way of the Indian Government, and we shall be more willing to be thankful for what it has done, than be disappointed for what it promised, but was unable to carry out."

THE Maharaja of Vizianagram, accompanied by Surgeon T. Quin, his medical officer, arrived at Madras on Sunday morning, by the s.s. Bhundara.

THE Bengal opposition to the Jurisdiction Bill shows no sign of abatement. A meeting of the European community of Monghyr was held on Saturday, at which resolutions were passed declaring that the compromise suggested by the Earl of Northbrook in his speech at Bristol, on the 13th instant, cannot be accepted, or indeed any compromise. It was resolved that, should a meeting be held at Calcutta, delegates from Monghyr would attend. A preliminary meeting of planters of the Purneah district was held at the Sudder station on the 17th inst., at which it was resolved to call a meeting of all the non-official European residents of the district with a view to obtaining a further expression of opinion with reference to the statements made in Lord Northbrook's Bristol speech regarding the proposed modifications of the Ilbert Bill. Those present were unanimously of opinion that no compromise of the obnoxious Bill was admissible.

THE heads of offices in the Public Works Department have, on a requisition from the Secretary of State, been directed to furnish a list showing the nationality and salaries of the members of the department, the object being to ascertain how far the order by the Secretary of State for the extended employment of natives of India in the public service has been carried out. A similar return is being prepared in other departments.

THE satisfactory intelligence comes from Calcutta that all chance of further friction between the Australian representatives and the managers of the International Exhibition has passed away. Mr. Bosisto, a member of the Victorian Government, and other representatives met Colonel Trevor, and a satisfactory understanding was arrived at on all vexed points. The Executive Committee are said to be resolved to enforce strictly all rules laid down in the Government Resolution sanctioning the Exhibition, and that consequently no fear need now be entertained of the affair degenerating into a mere bazaar. Exhibitors only will be allowed to have stalls at which duplicates of articles exhibited will be sold. The number of stalls will be very small. Work in the Exhibition buildings is being carried on very rapidly now, and exhibits are being got into place in all the courts and annexes. With reference to the petty squable about the payment by the Victorian Government for the space occupied by the exhibits of the colony, the Allahabad paper says that "the cry raised about Victoria having co-operated with the Government of India in the International Exhibition, under the impression that space would be given free, seems to have been utterly unfounded. Documentary evidence has been produced showing that the Victorian Government voted money and agreed to support the Exhibition six days before the now celebrated telegram from the Government of India was received. To be precise, they voted £5,000 on the 30th March last, and £430 of this was entered as a payment for space."

GENERAL R. H. SANKEY, shortly before he proceeded to Europe on his retirement, submitted a proposal to the Government of India for setting apart a portion of the Public Works Establishment to look after all the military buildings in the Madras Presidency. The proposal, the local *Mail* learns, has been favourably received, but the details of the scheme have yet to be considered. As far as it has been decided, Colonel Burton, R.E., will be nominated Inspector General of Military Buildings, with Lieutenant Hamilton as his Assistant.

THE *Statesman's* opinion on the Education Commission's report is that "the recommendations of the Commission may not satisfy all who wish to see education established on the firm and solid basis of national enterprise and co-operation, instead of on the shifting sands of Departmental caprice; but they pave the way for a great extension of private effort, and it will now remain for those, who demand further concessions from Government, to make good their claim by utilising to the utmost the advantages conferred upon them."

IT is satisfactory, remarks the Allahabad paper, to see how completely the preparations for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught have united all parties in Calcutta under a creditable feeling that no differences, whether political or otherwise, must be allowed to check the loyalty with which a son of the sovereign is regarded. The provisional committee, which met on Saturday, gave a striking proof of this, for men who have found themselves ranged in bitter opposition to each other on the Ilbert Bill question came together quietly enough to arrange a matter absolutely beyond the pale of politics. The Calcutta corresponden of the same paper telegraphed on Nov. 20:—"There can be no doubt that Calcutta will do its duty properly in welcoming the Duke and Duchess of Connaught next month. The provisional Reception Committee met yesterday evening, and decided that a suitable address in a casket should be presented to their Royal Highnesses, and that a display of fireworks should take place. It was also resolved that endeavours be made to illuminate the maidan and its outlines at night with fireworks, and for that purpose that the public buildings and houses on the north and east sides of the maidan be illuminated, and that the Government be requested to light the Fort and the Outerlony monument. Proposals to hold a fair on the maidan and to have entertainments in Beadon-square and other places for men were negatived. An Executive Committee, composed of four Europeans, four Hindus, two Mahomedans, and two others, was formed to carry out the arrangements and to invite subscriptions from the public."

THE *Pioneer* appears to have been victimised. We quote the following apology from its latest issue:—

In the *Pioneer* of the 27th September last there appeared, under the heading of "Tehri Gurhwal," a sketch of the rise and progress of that little known principality in the Himalayan region of the North-West Provinces, which, under cover of a cloak of details about its geography, geology, and political history, made certain personal allusions to the Raja of Tehri and his ancestors which we have now every reason to believe were grossly, if not maliciously, false. In this article in question it was stated that Sudarshan Shah, the grandfather of the present Chief, died a leper; that Sudarshan Shah's successor was his illegitimate son by a common woman; that this son, Bhawan Shah by name, also became a leper and committed suicide, or was made away with by his durbar; and that Pertap Shah, the ruling Raja, is likewise illegitimate. The truth, as we are assured on unimpeachable authority, is that Sudarshan Shah, who lived to a ripe age, beloved and respected, was not a leper. It is true, no doubt, that in consideration of the old man's loyalty, especially in the days of the Mutiny, the Government of India agreed to recognise as his heir his eldest natural son: though the boy's mother was not a woman of low caste. But he eventually died of some affection of the lungs, and was in no way tainted with leprosy. Again, Bhawan Shah is not illegitimate. We are bound, moreover, that the stories reported by our correspondent about the flogging of women in the Raja's territory are pure inventions; and that he is a good specimen of a native Chief who rules well, and is besides a sportsman and a manly fellow. We are glad to give this explicit correction of the libel in question, and regret its appearance in our columns: but knowing admittedly as little of the history and politics of Tehri as we do ourselves, our neighbour did not occur to us to question either the accuracy or good-faith of our correspondent. With him, however, we have still to reckon.

A RANGOON paper devotes considerable space to a description of the manner in which dacoit gangs are formed in Burma. A partial failure of crops is anticipated, and the result will probably be an increase of cases of dacoity. "In Burma," we are told, "the natural outcome of a poor harvest is increased dacoity. The average Burman is by nature a dacoit. A Burman may be a respectable villager this year, he may be a village headman, or a loogyee, or even a ponegyee; while next year he will be a desperate dacoit, the terror of the countryside. The first thing a Burman thinks of when he fails in any undertaking, is of turning to dacoity. Does he fail in business or trade? He turns dacoit. Does his wife spoil his dinner? He either chops her down with a dah, or becomes a dacoit. Does his sweetheart look with the eye of favour on a rival? He is off to the jungle with a few friends, and the next day the rival's gorgeous robes are in imminent danger of becoming the first-fruits of the spoils of a new band of dacoits who have just started active business in the vicinity. In a word, does he want a change? Dacoity is constantly before him, and in it he sees the solace of all his woes, great and small.

THERE seems to be a difference of opinion among the natives of Madras as to the need for expressing, in a practical form, the gratitude of the natives to the Hon. D. F. Carmichael, and regret at his departure. Some of the native papers question whether Mr. Carmichael has earned the gratitude of the natives, and some one has gone so far as to print and circulate a circular giving "a few queries with answers," in which some of the actions of the hon. member are discussed in a sarcastic spirit.

THE Egyptian Government are sending ten young Egyptians to Europe for the purposes of study. Six of these will go to France to study law, and four to England, where they will be instructed in the various branches of engineering science. One is to devo e himself to the study of railways and steamers in all their details, and another to telegraphy.

THE experiences of actors and actresses occasionally include the performance of parts not altogether unattended with a risk of bodily injury. Mr. Barry Sullivan was the victim of a very serious accident on the stage some two of three years ago, and later still Mr. Charles Warner received a sword-thrust in the hand. Mdlle. Bartet had her head badly bumped the night of the first performance of "Le Roi s'Amuse," while she was being dragged along in the sack by the infuriated Triboulet; and the rude assault and violent shaking which Mdme. Bernhardt had to submit to in the last act of "Fedora," as played at the Vaudeville, would have been very trying to a weaker organization. According to a Parisian paper, Mdme. Galli-Marié, who is now playing Carmen with so much success at the Opera-Comique, made M. Mauras, the young tenor, take a solemn oath before the performance that he would restrain his impetuosity in the assassination scene, and not imitate some of his predecessors, who were so carried away by the part as to pound her with their fists, and even inflict some severe scratches with the dagger which the tenor, carries in the piece. Quite lately she had her cheek cut open while playing Carmen at Barcelona. M. Mauras promised, and kept his word. Mdme. Galli-Marié feels, notwithstanding, still uneasy before each representation of "Carmen," and says she would be much better pleased if she had to do with a tenor of seventy. M. Mauras is only thirty.

MDME. SARAH BERNHARDT has just begun to figure in a new and unexpected character—if indeed, anything can be said to be unexpected where she is concerned—that of dairy farmer and cheese purveyor, not on the stage but in real life. Fearing the encroachments of the enterprising builder, she has bought a large farm immediately adjoining her villa at Sainte-Andresse, near Havre. The farm has long been noted for producing an excellent species of cheese, and the industry is still to be carried on. The comestible in question has received a new trade-name—"petit Sarah Bernhardt" which has had the effect of stimulating its sale, already sufficiently brisk. It is expected to come into demand in Paris, and indeed it already figures in the carte of a large Boulevard restaurant. The "little Sarah Bernhardt" bids fair to prove a "little gold-mine" to its enterprising proprietor.

A REJOINDER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is with no desire to embitter the controversy between the Governor and the Judges that I attempt a rejoinder to the remonstrance of "Asmodeus," which appears in this morning's issue of the *Gazette*. I write rather in the hope of raising the controversy above the low level of personalities, to which it seems in danger of falling, if some of the erroneous impressions conveyed by the letter of "Asmodeus" are not promptly corrected. And, first of all, the assumption is surely gratuitous that in this matter the judges have been drawn by the Acting Chief Justice into a quarrel in which they themselves felt little personal concern. The question at issue is really not a personal one, but one of principle, as was made sufficiently clear in Mr. Bayley's very first letter, which seems to have been strangely misread. No personal discourtesy was ever intended to the Judges, who seem never for a moment to have laboured under any misconception upon the point. But action on the part of the Governor which was calculated to lower the position of the Court in the eyes of the public, called for a protest from the Judges, who have distinctly been united all along, in their defence of the interests entrusted to their charge. It is unjust to the three Judges named by "Asmodeus" to suppose that those interests would not have been as dear to them as to the present occupants of the Bench; and the circumstance that Sir James Fergusson is a "carefully considerate and conscientious man" is scarcely relevant, for it is not alleged that the Puisne Judges are either inconsiderate or unconscientious. They and His Excellency are "all, all honourable men;" but they are gifted also with some political insight, and can see that important questions underlie the whole controversy which have not been allowed apparently to come to the surface. Again, the comparison of the Acting Chief Justice to "a monkey in a powder magazine" may find favour with the "little men" of whom "society," according to Mr. Bayley, is mostly composed in India, as elsewhere; but such a way of writing of one of our oldest Judges, and one of the most prominent citizens of Bombay, can be neither edifying to the public generally nor right. I say that the Judges have been contending all along for a principle which they were bound to defend. The question whether Mr. A. or Mr. B. is to stand on this side of the room or that at a levée is in itself of no moment whatever. It only assumes any magnitude if importance is attached to it by the head of the Government or the public; and special importance has been attached to it by Sir James Fergusson himself, as his letters unmistakably show; and special importance has been attached to such questions in the past. The instance of Admiral Macdonald, who not only absented himself from the Governor's levée in Bombay because his proper place was not assigned to him in it, but prevented any naval officer from attending it, must be fresh in the recollection of your readers. His conduct, if I mistake not, was generally approved by the society of Bombay, the grievance complained of was redressed; and it was soon made abundantly clear that no semblance of indignity could be tolerated to the important branch of the public service which he and his officers represented. Now the Judges represent a most important branch of the administration. The law of the land seems to contemplate the judiciary as constituting, indeed, the right hand itself of the Government, its executive departments being distinctly under the control of the Courts in many matters; and a little consideration is sufficient to show the wisdom of such an arrangement. Good government would be difficult, and in time impossible, if the public had no remedy through the courts against any arbitrary conduct of public officers. The mere existence of a system of independent judicial tribunals acts as a restraint not merely on all such conduct, but on popular lawlessness itself. If the authority of our Judges were materially lessened, an important safeguard of the liberties of the people would be endangered. If the Courts were ever to become a mere department of the Government, those who make light of such a controversy as the present would find that a feeling of thorough discontent had, during and in consequence of its continuation, sprung up among all classes, a state of society would be induced in which the exercise of constant official repression would become necessary for the mere maintenance of order. That surely is not the happy ideal to which the best friends of India have aspired. It was not the ideal of such rulers of men as Mountstuart Elphinstone and the framers of our Regulations of 1827. But there is unhappily some ground for the fear that "worse and worse days shall succeed the former."

This is what Mr. Justice West wrote twelve years ago regarding an Act passed by the Bombay Legislature in 1863:—"The general tenour of the Act is opposed to any construction by which the power of final disposal, in the cases for which it is intended to provide, reserved to the Governor-in-Council, should be made subject to revision by the Civil Courts. A trace of the older system may be found in the appeal given by section 19 to the District Court against a decision of a Collector on a case submitted to regular investigation. But even this is to be taken with sec. 14, which throws the proof of title in such cases exclusively on the assertor of his right, while sec. 28 provides carefully against any disturbance or investigation by the Civil Courts of summary settlement once approved by the Government. *The course of legislation on similar subjects in recent times shows a greater and greater contraction of the spirit of liberality and of confidence in its judicial institutions which animated the Government in framing the Elphinstone Code of* 1827. The merits or demerits of this policy we do not intend to discuss; but we must note the fact as throwing light on the probable intentions of the Legislature in passing Bombay Act VII. of 1863. *Thus viewing the subject, we do not think it improbable that the Government intended to withdraw the whole class of cases to which our attention has now been directed from the cognisance of the tribunals to which it was content to leave the adjudication of its subjects' mutual rights and duties where its own interests were not concerned.*"—(VIII. Bombay High Court Reports. a. c. j. p. 201.)

The passage italicized above ought surely to convey a warning; and is it not the fact that our whole Civil Service, and perhaps society generally, have become more officialized in recent years, notably in Lord Lytton's time, than in the past? Do we find our high revenue officials endued with the same sturdiness and independence that characterized their predecessors? Are not the true successors of those men who knew the people well and never feared to speak unwelcome truths to Government as to the state of the people and their grievances, to be found now rather among the district judges and assistant judges than elsewhere? And does not even the very wearing of uniform by so many Civil Servants at State ceremonies indicate an increased prevalence of officialism? The use of the expression "the other party" (as applicable to the Judges) in the Private Secretary's letter communicating copies of the recent correspondence to the press, also seems to show that the Governor no longer recognizes the principle, which is yet recognized by the law, that the Judges are as much members of the Government as His Excellency himself, and not "pestilent fellows," to be snubbed, scolded, and socially ostracized. The Judges were practically excluded from the levée because they would not purchase social recognition at the hands of H. E. the Governor, by the abandonment of a principle the justice of which he refused to admit. The action of the Governor no doubt, in the eyes of the thoughtless, seems justifiable—at all events slight—and as furnishing no excuse for the attitude assumed by the Judges—a mere straw in fact. But straws show which way the wind blows, and bubbles how the water flows; and as to the stream of tendency in recent years, there ought now to be no doubt. The controversy is pitiable and sad, not so much from the view taken by "Asmodeus," but because it discloses fresh evidence as to the direction of the stream. It will not be sad and pitiable if it arouses the public to the necessity of promoting the independence of the courts in every possible way. The Judges, at all events, have the consolation, suggested by Hamlet, of

> "Rightly to be great
> Is not to stir without great argument,
> But greatly to find quarrel in a straw
> When honour's at the stake;"

and in this matter something more than honour is at stake, as I have endeavoured above, however feebly, to show.

CURZON, AND A LOYAL ONE TOO.

THE GREAT DISASTER IN THE SOUDAN.

IN explanation of the startling news conveyed by Reuter's telegram to-day, reporting the destruction of General Hicks' army of the Soudan, we give below a series of telegrams taken from the London papers, which explain the object of the expedition in which General Hicks' force was engaged, and the progress they had made up to the latest dates when news was received from the Camp. There were eight European officers attached to the force besides General Hicks, and in addition a special correspondent of the London *Daily News* accompanied the expedition, in the person of the famous Mr. O'Donovan, who found his way to Merv before the Russians.

General Hicks and his staff left Cairo on the 2nd February last, just after the report of the surrender of El Obeid by the Egyptian garrison had been received. His first serious engagement with, and victory over, the rebels took place on April 29. The Mahdi was not himself in command of the enemy on that occasion. The following account of the battle was sent home by the *Daily News* correspondent:—

"About 1,000 yards to our front and right was a wood, out of which spearmen were seen pouring in their thousands, led by their chiefs carrying gaily coloured banners. We had formed a vast square and halted. A tremendous fusillade was opened from our front face, apparently without effect, for they still came on gallantly; but at five hundred yards they began to fall fast. Still, the chiefs led on their men with all the reckless and romantic chivalry of the old Saracen knights. One by one they fell dismounted, two or three to rise again and dash forward on foot, waving their standards, only to drop and rise no more. The rebels were commanded by Amer Maku-shigi, who, with another leader, the Cheik El Arakee, had been only recently sent from Kordofan by Mahomet Achmet, the so-called Mahdi. Calmly, and apparently without the slightest fear, did these Arab cavaliers ride about from right to left, as if seeking to pick out a weak point at which to charge and break into our compact body. Their devotedness was in vain. One after another they bit the ground, the first-named chief-tain being rolled over by the Nordenfeldt at our left corner. After [illegible] battle of musketry, seeing their chiefs fallen and their banners in the dust, the advancing hordes waver and are greeted with a tremendous howl from our troops, who had stood firmly and unflinchingly, and I may say as steadily as any troops could. Now the enemy move off to their right among the long grass, and our front is cleared. Shells are bursting among them. All are soon out of sight except a few who walked about most unconcernedly, and actually singly came up after the rest had retreated to within a few yards, brandishing their spears in defiance. One after another these poor fanatics were knocked over. When the smoke had rolled away it was seen that the ground was strewn with corpses most of them within 400 yards." The number of the enemy was from 4,000 to 5,000, and that of the killed about 500. Numbers went away wounded, or were carried off. The Egyptian loss was two killed and few wounded.

This victory had an excellent effect. The Khedive received a telegram from the Governor-Geaeral of the Soudan, dated May 11, describing the pursuit of the rebels after the victory. Two vessels, each with a detachment of troops, under the command of Hicks Pasha and Yehieh Bey respectively, were sent in pursuit of the enemy, and cut off his retreat at the passage of the Nile. There were no rebels at Sennaar or Jabalin. The telegram added that the majority of the native chiefs had made their submission and been well received. The Governor-General was sanguine of being able to induce the other chiefs to follow their example. Abdul Kader, the Egyptian commander, had already obtained several successes against the Mahdi, and General Hicks' object was to join forces with him. He telegraphed from Khartoum on March 25, that a field battery with Nordenfeldt guns had arrived there, that all the European officers were well, and that he was about to advance with 5,000 men to meet Abdul Kader Pasha who was encamped with 4,000 men south of Sennaar. The campaign proceeded prosperously for the Egyptian force; and a telegram, reporting the return of Hicks Pasha, Colonel Farquhar and Captain Evans to Khartoum on May 31, adds:—"The native tribes were quiet and were making submission."

The *Daily News* correspondent telegraphed from Khartoum about the same date:—

The chiefs of Sennaar are still sending in their submission, but it is improbable that the Mahdi will follow their example. I must contradict certain rumours published by some English journals to the effect that the expedition is unpopular in Khartoum. The town population is entirely against the Mahdi, and naturally so, considering that the Prophet's mission has interfered with the trade of the place. The expedition into Kordofan will not take place before November, as cavalry are badly wanted, but 800 men are on the way from Egypt. Diarrhœa, caused by foul water, bad food, and the intense heat—118° Fahr. in the shade—is prevalent. This has practically turned out to be a war against the slave trade, as the rebel chiefs having taken numbers of slaves in their following. Kordofan is now the outlet for this trade, the fate of which will be greatly influenced by the autumn expedition.

A period of inaction at Khartoum followed in the rainy season, during which time the Mahdi succeeded in stirring up a commotion in General Hicks' rear, in the country between Suakim, on the Red Sea, and Berber, 150 miles north of Khartoum. A telegram was received at Alexandria from Suakim, dated August 12, "to the effect, that great excitement prevailed there, the emissaries of the Mahdi having stirred up a revolt among the neighbouring tribes. Two thousand men had attacked the Sinhat village, fifty miles distant, but were repulsed by the soldiers, with the loss of the rebel chief, Ahmed Digna, a notorious slave-dealer. It is reported that the Mahdi's lieutenants are gathering forces to attack Suakim, which, however, is in a good state of defence."

General Hicks marched from Khartoum on Sept. 9, along the left bank of the White Nile, with 5,000 men, having Duem for his base. The False Prophet was reported to be resolute, and decisive fighting was expected by the end of the month (September). The road from Berber to Suakim had then been closed by the rebels. The purpose of the expedition was the recapture of El Obeid and Bara.

jury on the hated foreigners. We must charge suppose these proceedings took place unknown to the Viceroy and his subordinates.

Besides this rumour there were several other stories being retailed by the Chinese, connected with the departure of the Tamega; and if it were for nothing more than to show the spirit in which the Chinese view matters, they are worth reproducing. One was that the gunboat was to be fired at when she reached the Bogue Forts; another that she had been surrounded by Chinese gunboats on the way down, and a third that the Chen-to, which left her anchorage at Shameen at half-past eight on Friday morning, four and a half hours later than the Tamega, had gone in pursuit of her."

THE ARGUS EXPEDITION TO NEW GUINEA.

NEWS was received on the 13th inst. that the members of the expedition to New Guinea, organised and fitted out by *The Argus* proprietary, had been prostrated by fever while prosecuting their exploration of the island. The expedition included Captain Armit, the special correspondent of *The Argus*; Professor Denton, who accompanied him for purposes of scientific research; Mr. Loftus Irving, second in command, and a large party. The expedition had made a very successful attempt to reach the interior, having penetrated as far as Paumun, a village of the Seramins, and a large number of interesting descriptive articles relating to the nature of the country and the habits and customs of the natives, from the pen of Captain Armit, had appeared in *The Argus*. The telegram announcing the misfortune which had occurred to the party stated, that the Eilangowan had arrived at Cooktown, Queensland, with Captain Armit and Mr. Irving on board, both ill with fever. Captain Armit also sent a telegram, conveying the information that Professor Denton died at the village of Berigabadi, in the Moroka district, on Sunday evening, August 26, of exhaustion. Only one man of the party was then free from fever. The following despatch from Captain Armit, dated Port Moresby, September 25, and forwarded by telegraph from Cooktown, contains an account of the illness and death of Professor Denton, and particulars of the causes which led to the return of *The Argus* expedition:—"Arrived here (Port Moresby) on the 3rd September, after a most disastrous trip in point of illness. Reached Paumun, village of the Seramins, 120 miles E.S.E., on 17th August. The natives were everywhere very friendly. Made the acquaintance of two entirely new tribes, who knew nothing of whites, and possessed not one scrap of iron. They were very frightened at us, but soon became re-assured, and very friendly. These people were cultivating large areas on the mountain slopes. Their territory lies on the Iala River, one of the Kemp Welch sources. The country was fearfully mountainous, not an inch of flat anywhere. On the 18th August, Professor Denton complained of indisposition, but not seriously. He had before been suffering from a nasty ulcer on the instep. As we could not pierce into the range of mountains before us, owing to war between the tribes, I determined to return and make an attempt from a new point. We rested three days at Dedouris, having to climb over Mount Belford, 3,000ft. high. Professor Denton was completely exhausted, having refused all nourishment and medicine since becoming ill. I remained with him and cheered him along and over the summit. Going down heavy rain soaked us through, and it was very cold. Belford returned from the village with fresh men and a hammock. We carried Professor Denton into Lochivago. On the 24th Belford was prostrated with fever, Professor Denton getting weaker, yet obstinate even regarding food as well as physic. On the 26th we started for Moroka, Professor Denton and Belford on stretchers. The fever attacked me before breakfast, and I had a terrible day. We reached Berigabadi at 2 p.m. The village was deserted. The natives propped up the crumbling roof of a hut, but the floor had sunk in the centre. Mr. Hunter, who was the only sound man of the party, made our beds. At half-past 8 p.m. Professor Denton had very slight convulsive fits. Five minutes afterwards he was dead. It was pouring with rain, and weather was close and sultry. That night we were forced to camp with the dead body between us. Mr. Hunter dug a grave, and we buried our unfortunate friend at 7 on Monday morning. We then proceeded to Moroka, thence to Sugairee, and on to Port Moresby by Narianouma. I have been suffering from fever ever since. Have visited Boira and Kabadi, which are the finest districts I have yet seen."—*Melbourne Argus.*

MR. IRVING'S FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA.—ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION.

MR. HENRY IRVING appeared on Monday night (Oct. 29) for the first time in America at the Star Theatre, in the character of Mathias in "The Bells." The house was densely thronged. The audience greeted the actor at the opening of the play with a burst of hearty cheering, and between each act Mr. Irving was called before the curtain and enthusiastically applauded. At the close of the piece he came forward, and in a few words expressed his deep appreciation of the welcome he had received. When the curtain rose there was not an inch of available standing-room unoccupied. The audience had all the familiar characteristics of a [illegible]age. The leaders of fashion, [illegible]ere out in force. The fact that [illegible] night at the two houses had [illegible]ing the attendance. The *New* [illegible]es an account of an interview [illegible] the performance. The *Times'* [illegible] the following summary of the

[illegible]at he regarded this appearance [illegible]f his life. When he first step[illegible]s audience, and saw and heard [illegible]as filled with emotion for a [illegible]d over the footlights at people [illegible] were his friends. "It was a [illegible] added Mr. Irving, 'typical of your people. It was a fine assembly. I never played before a more responsive and sympathetic audience. I did not miss a point. I could tell all through the play that every motion made was closely watched, that every look, gesture, and tone was appreciated. It is stimulating to an actor to feel the audience won his audience.'"

He had not, he said, been on the stage five minutes before he knew that he had the control of his hearers. He could then make every point in the play, till there were times when he could feel the sympathy of his hearers—actually feel it. Being asked the most noticeable points of the difference between last night's and an English audience, Mr. Irving said:—"Well, you know, the first thing that struck me was the heartiness of the applause. In England I play to the pit, which of course is always hearty. But in place of a pit I had close up to me those rows of fashionably attired people. It gratified me to hear them clap their hands so that I could hear them. In London the stalls are generally very hard to move, very. Here they are quick, sensitive, and affectionate. In London they pat their kid gloves together fairly; but to-night it was vigorous—aye, and so—and so—that's what an actor wants." Mr. Irving clapped his hands until the echoes of his own applause could be heard far up in the flies.

He added that he regarded his reception as a success in every way, but mostly from the friendliness of the people. The affectionate demonstrations which burst forth on every occasion which good taste allowed he thought were the best evidences that he had won an artistic triumph.

Mr. Irving made his second appearance in New York on Tuesday night in the character of Charles I. The audience was scarcely less large and brilliant than at the previous performance. Miss Terry, as Queen Henrietta in "Charles I.," received a warm greeting, and during the progress of the play the curtain was raised again and again, amid tumultuous applause. The critics all praise Miss Terry's acting in this play, but are not agreed about Mr. Irving's performance, his mannerisms being much criticised.

The Lotus Club of New York gave a banquet to Mr. Irving on Saturday evening, which was attended by 500 persons, including Mr. Jefferson, Mr. Barrett, Mr. Florence, and other actors. Mr. Irving made a speech of considerable length. He said:—

"In coming here I really had but one terror—the interviewer. I am glad to tell you that is passed, and also that I find the interviewer a much misrepresented person. He seemed to me a most courteous gentleman, who had but an amiable curiosity to know a little about myself that he did not know before, and I was very well satisfied to gratify him as much as I could. I was told he would turn me inside out, would cross-examine me, and then appear against me the following morning. I found nothing of the sort. The only thing I would quarrel with him for was saying I reminded him of Mr. Oscar Wilde."

[illegible] and its status in England, [illegible]d I am glad to tell you that [illegible]sperian drama is greatly in[illegible]at one of the revivals of [illegible]e Lyceum that a gentleman [illegible]was heard to express the [illegible]as not a bad one, that he [illegible]s tolerable run, but that it [illegible]very much improved if it had not contained so many quotations. The play was 'Macbeth.' I have been told that a gentleman is sometimes to be found in the British Museum in the old reading-room devoted to Shaksperian manuscripts, and that he is very frequently found turning them over, but with what success I do not know. I also remember once when a play was produced, a friend of mine asked me what was the subject of it. I said that the subject was Charles I., at which he hemmed and hawed, and said, 'Very good. Very good. Oh! capital. Charles I. Yes, I should think that would do very well. Let me see—Charles I. Do you mean Shakspeare's Charles I.? . . . . We are very hypocritical now. We will go to the Crystal Palace to see the play of 'Hamlet,' and go to the Crystal Palace because it is not a theatre; and when we would not go to the theatre to see the play of 'Hamlet' we will go to the Crystal Palace, or some other such place, to see the 'Pin-Dominoes.' We will crowd sometimes to a French theatre without understanding the nationality or gesture of the actors, or understanding a word of their language when we will desert our own theatres where these plays are being played.'

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SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, Messrs MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale, at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.
10 cases white sarries.
2 ,, coloured lappet sarries.
1 case printed cotton shawls.
15 cases colored prints.
3 bales grey piece-goods.
3 ,, grey dhoties.
3 ,, twist.
55 boxes French liquor, curacao, cider, &c. &c.
10 cases jardine oil.
10 ,, gureka oil.

AUCTION SALE of Household Furniture, Plated, Glass and Porcelain Ware, &c. &c., at the David Sassoon Reformatory, Girgaum.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the David Sassoon Reformatory, Girgaum, the household furniture, &c., of John Fido, Esq., the same consisting of rich cut glassware, plated ware, hot-water curry dishes, vegetable dishes, cruet stands, dish-covers, and handsome blackwood carved-french-polished and mahogany furniture, such as tables, chairs, sideboard, presses, sofa couches, chest of drawers, towel horses, screens, bedstead, camp cots, whatnots, carpets, rugs, lamps, dispense and cooking utensils, &c., &c.
The above will be on view three days previous to the sale.
AT 2 P.M.
One horse and one gharee.

AUCTION SALE of Building-materials, Labor Carts, Bullocks, Dog-cart and Pony, &c., &c., at Mahim, near the Station.
On TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the B. I. S. N. Co.'s Stock Depot, Mahim.
The materials of a shed, stableand godown, fowlhouses 1d timber, labor carts and bullocks, dog-cart and pony, &c.
Also a few articles of furniture, belonging to the manager.
MENESSE & CO.
Bombay, 23rd November, 1883.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF FRESH ITALIAN APPLES.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 23rd inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms, about 300 baskets of Italian apples recently arrived, in small lots to suit purchasers.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Barkley Place, 15 coulis, the valuable handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwoodhousehold furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, lamps, pictures, garden plants, &c., the property of R. EDMISTON, Esq. The same comprises glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best plated vegetable dishes, cruet stand, butter and jam pots, spoons and forks, table cutlery by Mappin, French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as dining table in 2 pieces, drawing-room round and pier tables, handsomely carved conversation couches, reclining and sofa couches, drawing and diningroom easy folding, reclining and folding arm easy chairs, lady's writing table, chiffonier, book and ornament stand, book case, teapoys, dressing and wash-hand tables, Madras pattern cot, wardrobe, clothes and gown press, gown stand, side board, camp tables, folding and single screens, handsome engravings and table ornaments, Brussels carpet, sewing machine by Singer, table lamps, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture, cooking stove, well-grown plants in pots, &c.
The property is on view.

SALE OF MACHINERY OF A SAW MILL.
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises at Tank-bunder, the whole of the machinery of a saw Mill complete and in working order, consisting of—
A 10-horse power engine with boiler, by Peel, William and Peel.
A 6-horse power engine with fancy patent governor.
A frame of vertical saw complete.
A circular saw bench complete.
Iron pulleys, shafting, belting, &c.
Also the shed of the mill.
The above will be sold in one lot or in separate lots according to the wishes of the intending buyers, and are now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by public auction at their rooms on account and at the risk of Messrs. Stone and Mills.
Ex. s. s. Mirzapore.
F. T. and Co.—2399-21—26—1 case fishing tackles.
Hydrabad F. T. and Co.—19-2—256-57—2 cases hosiery.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.
On MONDAY next, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, ,, dhoties.
10 ,, ,, T cloth.
10 cases prints.
3 ,, printed cashmere.
1 walnutwood cottage pianoforte by Boisselot Fils & Co.
2 barometers.
By order of the Administrator General, the effects of the late Baleo woman, consisting of gold and silver jewellery.
The effects of the late Dewaleosai, widow, consisting of brass copper utensils and sundry.
The property of a lady leaving Bombay, consisting of diamond bracelets, earrings, brooches and rings.
On account and at the risk of the Indentor Esoofally Abdoolally—
7 casks brass wire.
On account and at the risk of Hajee Vally Hajee Khumissa—
H. V. H. K.—1 case buttons per s.s. Sutlej.
At 2 P.M.
1 bay C. B. galloway, 4 years old, up to weight, goes in saddle and harness and believed to be sound.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on MONDAY, the 26th instant, at 3 p.m., one large plate chest belonging to the estate of the late Major J. KETCHEN, consisting of best plated tea and coffee services, waiters, ice pitcher, cake baskets, liquor and cruet frames, teapots, beer mug, epergnes, toastrack, fish knife and fork in leather case, fruit spoons also in leather case, nutcrackers, dessert and fish knives and forks in mahogany cases, spoons and forks, table cutlery, silver spoon, knife and fork in case, silver beer mug in case, ivory napkin rings, patent corkscrews, champagne tap, dessert plates, &c.
These will be sold in separate lots to suit the convenience of buyers, and will be on view this day.

On TUESDAY next, the 27th inst., sale commencing at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by order of Messrs. George Jennings & Co. by Public Auction at Nos. 45 and 5, Apollo Street, opposite the China depository.
Further consignments of new and assorted English and Continental manufactures, comprising—
Very handsome dinner services in new patterns, best china dessert services, chamber services and toilet tricketware, best electroplated tea and coffee services, e. p. cruets, butterdishes, biscuit boxes, muffineers, teapots, &c.
Cut and engraved glass filters with carbon blocks glass, butter, pickle, jam and biscuit jars, teapot stands, &c &c.
Table and suspension lamps, chandeliers, lamp globes (spare.)
Table knives and forks, butcher's knives, oval trays, waiters.
Ornamental brass candlesticks, and brackets, bread plates and knives, &c., &c.
There will also be offered a large assortment of earthenware goods and window glasses in small lots to suit purchasers.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 5, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, a mahogany cottage pianoforte, a rosewood harmonium, handsome flower vases, table ornaments, handsome pictures, table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of J. W. EVANS, Esq.
The property will be on view three days before the sale.

On THURSDAY next, the 29th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Hummum-street, Fort, in the premises lately in the occupation of Messrs. Hudson and Co., the valuable stock-in-trade of the late Hajee Veerjee, consisting of arkaad lamps, table and hanging kerosine-oil lamps, plated candlesticks and candleabrs, carriage lamps, glassware, plated ware, crockery, &c., &c., of which full particulars will appear hereafter.

On SATURDAY, the 1st December, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Admiralty House, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome Frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Soundy & Co., a handsome hand organ a mahogany miniature billiard table, with balls and cues complete, a handsome light English-built brougham by Kesterton, a strong serviceable office shigram, a powerful grey Arab horse, rich table ornaments, handsome flower-vases and pictures, &c., the property of E. CANNON, Esq., changing his residence.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

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1 handsome English-built C spring barouche by Austin.
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